



Information, Advice and Support Service



A Guide to SEN Support in mainstream schools and colleges

What is SEN support?

Every child with Special Educational Needs should have SEN support. This means help that is additional to or different from the support generally given to most of the other children of the same age.

The purpose of SEN support is to help children and young people achieve the outcomes or learning objectives set for them by the school in conjunction with parents and pupils themselves.



Every school must publish an SEN information report about the SEN provision the school makes. You can find this on the school's website. You can also ask your child's teacher or the school's Special Educational Needs Coordinator for information on the SEN provision made by the school.

SEN support can take many forms, including

- A special learning programme for a child/young person
- Extra help from a teacher or a learning support assistant
- Making or changing materials and equipment
- Working with a child/young person in a small group
- Observations in class or at break and keeping records
- Helping them to take part in the class activities
- Making sure your child has understood things by encouraging them to ask questions and to try something they find difficult
- Supporting a child with physical or personal care, such as eating, getting around school safely, toileting or dressing
- Advice and/or extra help from specialists such as specialist teachers, educational psychologists, and therapists

The SEND Code of Practice says mainstream schools must:

- Use their best endeavours to make sure that a child with SEN gets the support they need – this means doing everything they can to meet children and young people's SEN
- Ensure that children and young people with SEN engage in the activities of the school alongside pupils who do not have SEN
- Designate a teacher to be responsible for co-ordinating SEN provision – the SEN co-ordinator, or SENCO.
- Inform parents when they are making special educational provision for a child
- Publish an SEN information report and their arrangements for the admission of disabled children, the steps being taken to prevent disabled children from being treated less favourably than others, the facilities provided to enable access to the school for disabled children and their accessibility plan showing how they plan to improve access progressively over time
- (SEND Code of Practice section 6.2)

Who decides what SEN support my child has?

The SEND Code of Practice says:

Class and subject teachers, supported by the senior leadership team, should make regular assessments of progress for all pupils. These should seek to identify pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. (6.17)

The school should then decide if your child needs SEN support. The school should talk to you and your child about this. If a young person is 16 or older the school should involve them directly.

Sometimes you may be the first to think that your child has some special educational needs. If you think your child may need SEN support you should talk to your child's teacher or to the Special Educational Needs Coordinator.

If you are not happy about the support your child has you can ask to talk to the Special Educational Needs Coordinator or Headteacher. You can also speak to SENDIASS Torbay.

A graduated approach

The SEND Code of Practice says:

Where a pupil is identified as having SEN, schools should take action to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place. (6.44)



When your child is identified as having SEN, the school should use a graduated approach based on four steps. These are:

Assess

Teaching staff should work with the Special Educational Needs Coordinator to assess your child's needs, so that they give the right support. They should involve you in this and, where possible, seek your child's views. The SEND Code of Practice says:

Schools should take seriously any concerns raised by a parent. (6.45)

Sometimes schools will seek advice from a specialist teacher or a health professional. They should talk to you about this first.

Plan

If the school decides that your child needs SEN support it must tell you. The school should agree with you the outcomes that will be set, what help will be provided and a date for progress to be reviewed.



Do

Your child's class or subject teacher is usually responsible for the work that is done with your child, and should work closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff involved. The school should tell you who is responsible for the support your child receives.

All those who work with your child should be made aware of their needs, the outcomes sought, the support provided and any teaching strategies or approaches that are required. (6.49)



Review

The SEND Code of Practice says:

Schools should meet with parents at least three times a year. (6.65)

The school should review your child's progress, and the difference that the help your child has been given has made, on the date agreed in the plan. You and your child should be involved in the review and in planning the next step.

If your child has not responded to the help they were given, the review should decide what can be done next. This may include more or different help.

Sometimes it helps to involve other professionals to investigate the difficulties or to plan the next steps.

You and the school can look at the Local Offer to see what support should be available that could help achieve your child's outcomes.

Sometimes the next step may be to ask the local authority for an EHC needs assessment. If the school decides to do this they must tell you. If you think it is needed you can ask for it yourself.

Where can I get more information, advice or support?

You can find out more about SEN Support by:

- Contacting SENDIASS Torbay for independent information, advice and support
- Looking at the SEN Information Report on the school website
- Talking to your child's teacher or the Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO)
- Looking at the Local Offer, which the way in which all local authorities are statutorily required to provide accessible information about services in your local area who offer support for children and young people with SEN and Disabilities (SEND)
- Reading Chapter 6 of the SEN Code of Practice

Local Offer



fis.torbay.gov.uk



Torbay's Local Offer describes the support, service and guidance that is available for children and young people with SEND who are aged 0 - 25 years

The website address is: fis.torbay.gov.uk



Contact Us

If you would like support, information or training, please email or call our central enquiry line.

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