

Call-In of Cabinet's Decision on Implementation of the English Riviera Beach Standards

Reasons for Call-In:

- Has the Council consulted on the changes with interest groups such as the Marine Conservation Society and Surfers Against Sewage?
- What consultation has the council had directly with the tourism industry and attraction providers? What questions were put, when were they put, what feedback was received and what analysis took place?
- What consultation have the ERBID company carried out? What questions were put, when were they put, what feedback was received and what analysis took place?
- Did the Council work with other coastal local authorities to lobby for changes to the Blue Flag scheme to make them less onerous?
- What thought did the Council give to developing a regional alternative scheme with neighbouring local authorities?
- Why was this new policy not developed utilising Overview and Scrutiny or Cabinet and Shadow Cabinet meetings (CASC)?
- Has an impact assessment been done on the potential impact of ditching the Blue Flag scheme and introducing the new scheme?
- How many departments in the Council have been involved in the development of this proposal?
- What elected members have been engaged with?
- What is the cost so far of developing this proposal?

Process and Options Available for Call-In:

1. The call-in promoter will present their reasons for call-in as set out in the submitted paper.
2. The Cabinet Member(s) will provide a verbal response to the issues raised.
3. The Overview and Scrutiny Board will discuss the issues raised and then has the following options available:

- A. **Take no further action.** The original decision will take effect from the date of the meeting of the committee.
- B. **Refer the decision back to the decision maker for reconsideration, setting out in writing the nature of the committee's concerns.** Within a further ten working days, the decision maker will resolve to either:
- (i) confirm the decision without modification; or
 - (ii) confirm the decision with modification; or
 - (iii) rescind the decision.

If the decision maker does none of the above within ten working days, the decision shall be deemed to have been rescinded.

- C. **In exceptional circumstances, refer the matter to the Council for scrutiny, giving reasons for why the matter is being referred to Council.** Upon such request, the proper officer shall arrange a meeting of the Council within 20 working days (excluding the day of receipt or the day of the meeting) or as soon thereafter, as is reasonably practicable, unless:
- (i) a normal Council meeting is scheduled within 30 working days (excluding the day of receipt or the day of the meeting) in which case the matter shall be referred to that meeting; or
 - (ii) if a normal Council meeting is not scheduled within 30 working days and the decision-maker confirms to the proper officer that he/she is content for the matter to be referred to the next normal Council meeting.

At the Council meeting, if the Council does not object to the decision, no further action is necessary and the decision will be effective from the date of the Council meeting.

Provided the decision has been made in accordance with the Policy Framework and the Budget, the Council has no power to amend the decision but may refer any decision to which it objects back to the decision maker together with the Council's views on that decision and the Subsequent Action referred to in Option B shall apply.

Proposer: Councillor Law

Seconder: Councillor Douglas-Dunbar

The notice was also signed by Councillors Carter, Fox and Long

Appendices:

Appendix 1 – Report to Cabinet

Appendix 2 – Cabinet Record of Decision