

Research Report



Stakeholder Tracker 2009 (Satisfaction with the Standards Board for England and Attitudes to the Ethical Environment)

Prepared for: The Standards Board for England



Prepared for: The Standards Board for England

Prepared by: BMG Research

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1 Introduction

1.1 Background and method

This report presents the results of a quantitative survey of satisfaction with the Standards Board for England (hereafter referred to as the Standards Board), attitudes to the ethical environment and in relation to changes to the ethical framework.

A self-completion postal methodology was applied, which collected the views of stakeholders from all types of local government authority in England, including principal authorities, town and parish councils, and police, park and fire authorities.

The survey included elected and non-elected members, monitoring officers and town and parish clerks.

The questionnaire was sent to named stakeholders who were asked to complete and return one questionnaire and distribute a number of further questionnaires in accordance with instructions and a random sampling procedure set out for them. An optimum number of questionnaires was distributed - effectively two in total for towns and parishes and seven in total for all other authorities. A further mailing was distributed for elected members who do not sit on local standards committees.

In total, 3,784 questionnaires were distributed across 473 principal councils and police, park and fire authorities, and 1,758 questionnaires were distributed across 879 town and parish councils. Response rates in the context of total questionnaires distributed were 44% among town and parish councils (775 questionnaires) and 32% among principal and other authorities (1,198 questionnaires). These response rates are in line with the most recent wave of research (wave 2), conducted in 2007.

A freepost envelope was provided for each questionnaire. A reminder mailing was sent out midway between first mail-out on 15 January 2009 and final close for returns on 9 March 2009.

Approximately 70% of the questionnaire was a repeat of one used in a baseline survey conducted in 2003 (reported on in 2004) and a second wave conducted and reported on in 2007. Further questions were developed to meet current intelligence requirements. Questions covered areas including:

- Overall attitudes to the Standards Board for England, including reasons for the levels of satisfaction described.
- Perceptions of success across a number of aspects of the Standards Board's role.
- Attitudes to the ethical environment, including support for the Code of Conduct and support for an additional code for officers, and perceptions of trends in the standard of members' behaviour.
- Perceptions of the Standards Board's success in supporting stakeholders through changes to the standards framework, and informing stakeholders of its new role as a strategic regulator.

- The perceived importance of a number of different types of information provided and how well-informed respondents feel in each case.
- Views on the amount and frequency of published information received, formats and topics, and aspects of its content, such as accuracy and clarity.
- Awareness, usage and views on a number of publications distributed by the Standards Board, and views on the Standards Board's website.
- Suggestions for improvement in terms of methods and aspects of communication, and topics covered.

The tracking of progress and other changes through waves one, two and three is an important objective of this research, reflected in charts throughout this report. Further charts showing such breakdowns can be produced on request.

1.2 Note to data tables and subgroups

Due to an increase in the town/parish sample this wave, the data was weighted back to the proportions of authority type in wave 2, to restore proportionality and allow wave on wave comparisons with waves 1 and 2. Detailed profiling of other demographics shows that total samples across the three waves are broadly comparative and therefore comparisons can be made in confidence between total sample data. For more information please see Appendix 2.

Subgroups of the total are charted in this report where the data suggests significant variations.

A cross-tabulated data report accompanies this written report. The cross-tabulated data may be consulted for more detail. Please note that table bases (i.e. the base for all statistics in the table) are labelled at the top left, and in most cases this is all respondents, including those who declare that they do not know, or who do not provide an answer. This replicates the way that data tables were produced in waves one and two. (A second data report is available, with all tables based on 'valid responses only' i.e. excluding don't know, not applicable and unstated responses).

Subgroups shown in the cross tabulated data include:

- Authority Type (town/parish; principal authority; police/park/fire)
- Principal Authority Type (principal authority subset: district; met etc)
- Region
- Position held in authority
- Whether on standards committee
- Role on standards committee
- Authority control (Political party)
- Gender
- Age
- Satisfaction with the Standards Board
- Experience of allegations

Where definitions within subgroups differ from previous waves, e.g. respondent role definitions, the closest possible defined role is included in comparative graphs.

Where no comparative role exists, or the base is too small (e.g. Council Leaders) that role is not charted in the report.

Where charts show data broken down by authority type, there are three types - town and parish, principal authority (LA) and other, or police, park and fire authorities.

In some interpretations of the data, reference is made to 'net' figure. This represents the balance of opinion on attitudinal questions such as the percentage of the total who are satisfied, minus the percentage of the total who are dissatisfied. Those with a neutral attitude are included in the base, and therefore lower net satisfaction ratings may reflect higher percentages with a neutral attitude, although the percentage of those dissatisfied relative to satisfied has the greatest impact.

Also provided with this report is an excel file of formatted verbatims showing openended responses on communications (suggestions about topics and formats). Classification was undertaken on the basis of the main theme of the statement made and therefore references made to relative numbers of mentions of each theme are provided as a guide only.

2 Key Findings and Recommendations

2.1 The majority of key indicators reflect positive trends

- Wave three (2009) continues and confirms a number of positive trends suggested by the wave 2 survey in 2007. Improvements can be seen in many areas including overall satisfaction with the work of the Standards Board; proportions of stakeholders who speak highly of the Standards Board; perceptions that members' standard of behaviour has improved; and ratings of the published information and guidance provided by the Standards Board.
 - A total of 46% are now satisfied with the work of the Standards Board, cf. 38% in 2007 and 29% in 2004. Bases unless stated in this report include all stakeholders responding, including don't know and no opinion. When we exclude respondents other than those who give a satisfaction rating, 50% are satisfied in 2009, cf. 42% in 2007 and cf. 35% in 2004.
 - 30% of the total sample would now speak highly of the Standards Board (with/without being asked), cf. 23% in 2007 and 21% in 2004.
 - 47% of stakeholders think members' standard of behaviour has improved in recent times cf. 44% in 2007 and 27% in 2004.
 - Satisfaction with published information and guidance (very/fairly) has increased to 61% in 2009, from 55% in 2007 and 50% in 2004.
- Reasons given for satisfaction with the work of the Standards Board include the quality, clarity or promptness of the support and guidance provided as well as general support for the Code of Conduct and the importance of maintaining standards of behaviour.

2.2 A small minority of indicators suggest areas for greater focus

In a minority of areas wave on wave analysis shows selected indicators to have either remained static or declined slightly. It is recommended that these areas receive some strategic focus. Areas for suggested focus include the following:

- Timeliness of communications i.e. responding promptly, getting communications
 to stakeholders to allow time for their own decision-making or according to a
 timetable which suits them.
 - Nets (% good minus % poor) for timeliness of response by letter are +56% in 2009, cf. +58% in 2007 and +50% in 2004.
- 'Ease of getting hold of the right person' when contacting the Standards Board.
 - While 'ease of getting hold of the right person' remained static in waves 1 and 2, (+64% in both waves), it appears to have declined in its net rating in 2009 (with a +58% net rating as 'good').

- Frequency of website usage i.e. encouraging more stakeholders to log on and making those who already log on do so more often.
 - 42% of stakeholders had not visited the Standards Board website in the last year. This is only 1% less than in 2007, when 43% had not visited the website. In 2009 7% visit the site at least fortnightly and a further 15% monthly, cf. 8% at least fortnightly and 15% at least monthly in 2007.
- Specific stakeholder types remain less engaged with the Standards Board for England than others, and may require greater tailoring of communications to enhance stakeholder relationships.
 - In terms of being kept personally informed, responses from members of the exec./cabinet and elected members continue to be more negative than positive, with net ratings of -3% in each case. Nevertheless, this is a significant improvement on 2007 when net ratings were -42% among members of the exec/cabinet and -12% among elected members Therefore, while there is some way to go, the trend is a positive one.
 - Only 15% of town and parish stakeholders state in 2009 that they would speak highly of the Standards Board, cf. more than a third of stakeholders in other authorities.
 - Satisfaction with published information and guidance among town and parish stakeholders. 82% of monitoring officers are satisfied with the Standards Board's published information and guidance, cf. 55% of town and parish clerks.
- Reasons given for being dissatisfied with the Standards Board often relate to judgments and perceived inconsistency or ineffectiveness of decision-making, in addition to timeliness of communications and continued frustrations in some cases with unmanageable quantities of vexatious/spurious allegations.
- In terms of the Standards Board for England's investigative function, perceptions of 'the speed with which investigations are undertaken', are rated lowest of three aspects assessed (net satisfaction of +8%), while again professionalism is highest (net satisfaction rating +31%).

2.3 Tackling public lack of confidence

- Stakeholder responses suggest that the Standards Board is now more likely to be seen to be playing a role in terms of public perceptions of ethics in local government: Net perceived success in 'Enhancing the reputation of local government among the public' was -7% in 2004, and -12% in 2007, but has now increased to +7%. In other words, 7% more stakeholders consider the Standards Board successful on this aspect than who consider it unsuccessful.
- Nevertheless, a comparison of stakeholder versus public responses (using data from the Cardiff University/BMG study on Public Trust in Local Government)

shows a significant disparity between public and stakeholder confidence in the process.

- Open-ended comments from local authority stakeholders reflect a demand for more guidance from the Standards Board on dealing with public perceptions and in particular managing media involvement.
- There is general support for a theoretical code of conduct for officers (82% agree while only 9% disagree). Support decreases slightly among monitoring officers and town/parish clerks relative to elected member and independent respondents.

2.4 Demand for information

- As in previous waves, the majority of respondents consider that the amount of information and guidance they receive from the Standards Board is 'about right'.
- 23% of stakeholders now consider that they would like more information and guidance from the Standards Board, cf. 26% in 2007 and 28% in 2004. This indicator is not clear-cut since communications can serve both to satiate demand and to breed further demand. It would therefore be interesting to investigate via the planned focus group research any reasons why groups of stakeholders are still seeking a greater amount of information and guidance.
- Topics in demand in future include good practice for standards committees, sanctions guidance and alternative action. Specific requests were also raised for more guidance for dual-hatted members, information on how to deal with public perceptions locally and information on other authorities' standards committees' practices.
- A particular disparity remains, as in previous waves, between the level to which stakeholders feel informed in terms of case law examples, and the importance that they attribute to this type of information going forward (suggesting ongoing demand).

2.5 Bedding in the devolved framework

- Encouragingly, 74% of stakeholders agree and only 9% disagree that improving members' standard of behaviour is now a local issue (net +65%).
- Similarly, 72% agree and 10% disagree that they support the devolution of the ethical framework (net +62%).
- Slightly fewer stakeholders feel confident enough to confirm that the 'new ethical framework is now firmly embedded in local government' (61% cf. 9% who disagree, generating net agreement of +52%). This indicator will be particularly useful to track going forward. Potential methods/guidance to assist the process may be an interesting topic of discussion in the planned focus group research.

 In the ethical environment attitude battery, the statement with which fewest respondents agree relates to the standards committee having a high profile within the authority (42%). A general strategy of boosting the profile of standards committees and spreading greater understanding of their role across local authority staff and members and among local citizens would be likely to be well received by many survey respondents.

3 Overall Attitudes to the Standards Board

3.1 Key attitude indicators (wave on wave)

Wave one was reported on in 2004, when the Standards Board was beginning to develop its reputation in local government. Wave two reflected attitudes towards a firmly established body with a higher profile in local government, moving into the new framework. The current wave 3 (2009) reflects perceptions towards the Standards Board in its new role as a strategic regulator within a devolved system.

As shown in figure 1, results on selected key indicators show positive progress in terms of attitudes to the work of the Standards Board and ethical standards in general.

2009 46% Satisfied with the Standards Board 38% 2007 29% 2004 30% Speak highly of the Standards Board 23% 21% 72% Think the Standards Board successful in defining 62% standards of behaviour 60% 94% Support the need for code of conduct 93% 84% 81% Consider maintaining members' standards of behaviour one of the most important issues facing 80% local government today 76%

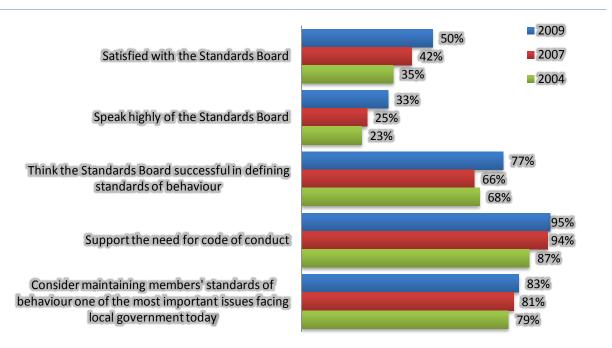
Figure 1: Key wave on wave Indicators (%very/fairly combined)

Base: All respondents (varies by question)

The same data, excluding 'don't knows' and 'no opinions' from the base, are shown in figure 2 for reference. Again, there are no instances of decline.

A note regarding Figure 1 and subsequent charts of this format: Horizontal bars represent positive responses e.g. the percentage who agree with the statement or the percentage who are very/fairly satisfied. It must not be concluded that the remaining respondents gave negative responses, since the percentage not shown also includes those who are neither positive nor negative (neutral), and, unless specified, those who reply 'don't know/no opinion'.

Figure 2: Key wave on wave Indicators (%very/fairly combined) of base excluding don't know/ no opinion/ not provided



Base: All respondents excluding don't know / no opinion (varies by question)

3.2 Satisfaction with the work of the Standards Board

46% of respondents are satisfied with the work of the Standards Board overall (comprising 11% 'very' and 35% 'fairly satisfied'). 12% are dissatisfied (comprising 3% 'very' and 8% 'fairly dissatisfied').

In 2007 38% were satisfied; 6% stating 'very' and 32% 'fairly' satisfied. 19% were dissatisfied (comprising 5% 'very' and 14% 'fairly dissatisfied').

Net satisfaction (% satisfied minus % dissatisfied) is +34%, a notable improvement on 2007, when net satisfaction was +19%, and 2004, when net satisfaction was +14%.

In 2009, 26% of town and parish councils, 52% of principal authorities and 54% of police, park and fire authorities describe themselves as 'very' or 'fairly satisfied'. Satisfaction among towns and parishes is similar in 2007 (25%) while other authorities have shown significant improvement since then. In 2007, 41% of principal authorities and 47% of police, park and fire authorities described themselves as 'very' or 'fairly satisfied' with the Standards Board.

Figures 3 and 4 show how satisfaction with the work of the Standards Board has progressed wave on wave.

As in 2007, 16% of town and parish stakeholders feel unable to provide a satisfaction rating, and many open-ended comments given by these respondents underline their lesser familiarity with the Standards Board than other types of authorities.

Figure 3: Satisfaction breakdown in Waves 2 and 3

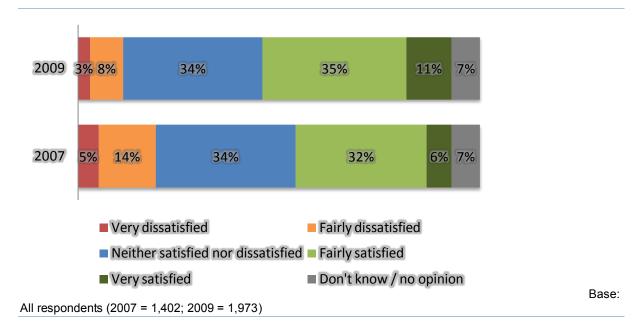
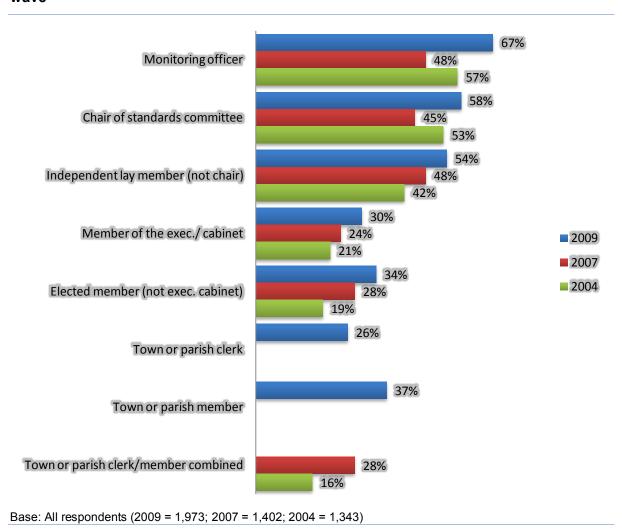


Figure 4: % satisfied with the work of the Standards Board (very/fairly) by role and wave



In 2007, satisfaction among monitoring officers had declined slightly such that Independent lay members replaced them as the group most satisfied with the Standards Board. This trend has not continued, and current data suggests that more than two thirds of monitoring officers are satisfied (67%), followed by 58% of chairs and 54% of independent lay members.

In 2009, the questionnaire allows a distinction to be drawn between town/ parish clerks and town/ parish members for the first time. While the average of the two shows a satisfaction level similar to the percentage for the two combined roles last wave, it is interesting to note a higher degree of satisfaction among town and parish members (37%) than among their clerks (26%).

3.2.1 Reasons for Satisfaction

Satisfaction is now heavily motivated by the day-to-day activities of the Standards Board and the support it provides. This includes the quality, clarity or promptness of the support and guidance provided. The following 'reasons for being satisfied with the work of the Standards Board' are typical of those given:

"I have found their guidance helpful."

"I believe they communicate well, are responsive, maintain high standards and make it clear about what their role is."

"Helpful and well presented guidance and information. A very useful website."

"They listen to others' views and act on them. They provide training material and assistance."

"It has pioneered a mechanism;...consulted, corrected and devised new procedures...; delivered detailed advice, all pretty well to time."

"Information is provided on activities ...; literature offers good guidance."

"Guidance has mostly been clear and helpful. Where it has not, responses have been listened to and we feel that they have been taken into account."

"Has raised its profile and appears more accessible."

Many others who describe themselves as 'satisfied' give reasons relating to the importance of the Code of Conduct and standards in general, and of conveying this throughout local government.

"I consider it was necessary to bring in codes of conduct. Standards Board has endeavoured to ensure information is kept current and that regulations are applied consistently."

"Transparent regulation of the government officers is very important."

"Ethical behaviour overseen by an independent board, is a cornerstone of democracy which is essential to stem the corrosive risk of corruption."

"They set a benchmark standard for councillors."

"I think it is extremely important that the highest standards are maintained in public life. The Standards Board helps to promote and underpin such standards. When high

profile cases arise, we see how highly the public value ethical behaviour in politicians at all levels."

"They have formulated and pushed through to all councils in UK a conduct regime which should go some way to reassure the "cynical" public that they can trust and have faith in their elected councillors. Pity the same cannot be said of MPs, MEPs and members of the House of Lords."

Some describe their support for devolution of powers to local standards committees.

"I approve of the recent move to make local standards boards (committees) the ,first point of call'. I felt it was too remote and discouraged participation."

"They are producing a code which is relevant to current situations and the devolved measures should improve involvement at a local level."

Smaller groups of respondents reflected that the Standards Board had developed a positive role in a difficult and complex area:

"Overall it handles a difficult and complex area in a professional and prompt way."

"I am a little concerned that excessive amounts of public money are sometimes spent on the investigation of very trivial matters. But on the whole they do a good job."

Sound decision-making and fairness in investigations are also mentioned:

"They deal with cases fairly quickly and appear to be logical and fair in their dealings. They appreciate the problems that councillors can cause due to their attitude."

"It seems to be fair."

"Have had very little contact with them but we received good support during an investigation and hearing process several years ago."

"Having been involved in a situation that I believe was dealt with by the Standards Board I am very satisfied with the way it was conducted."

The reasons given for being satisfied were coded into broad categories and are shown in the figure to follow, to provide an indication of the relative importance of the types of feedback received:

Good / useful guidance / advice & information / prompt 35% response to queries / relevant information Generally doing a good job / satisfied with the standards / 32% setting & maintaining standards / doing what it was set up... Good materials / publications / core publications / good 10% communication / frequent communication / events Fair & reasonable decisions / impartial 6% Approachable / helpful 6% Good conference / road shows 2% Good training 2% Website is excellent/ useful/ comprehensive Operate in a professional manner/ efficiently 1% No complaints Other 8% Not provided 13% Base: Where satisfied with the Standards Board (905)

Figure 5: Reasons for Satisfaction with the Standards Board for England (Q3)

3.2.2 Reasons for Dissatisfaction

Among those dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board, the main gripes appear to relate to judgments and perceived inconsistency in decision-making.

"Their decisions are not consistent and often do not reflect the gravity of the case before them."

"Perverse and undemocratic decisions in respect of dual-hatted members."

"In one case they found a member guilty of bullying a member of staff, but imposed no penalty. That member considers himself not guilty."

"I believe that the ratio of time and money spent on preparing a case is not in direct relation to the sentences handed out. A month or two's suspension is often not enough to be a deterrent to unacceptable behaviour."

A minority accuse the Standards Board of lack of action:

"Very weak. Appear reluctant to investigate complaints."

"Too often the board find a complaint justified but fail to take action."

"The results of their investigations are too often spineless as they are too reluctant to make a proper judgement. This makes a mockery of the local council's anti-bullying policies."

Timeliness in terms of its communications or investigations is also seen as a problem area by some:

"The board takes too long making their minds up about what to do about a member that has been reported to them."

"Timing of issue of guidance on local assessment is inadequate. They are not responding to referrals for investigation within their own timescales. They are slow to start an investigation involving high profile members with potential impact on future mayor."

"Unacceptable delays in response to correspondence and delays in providing guidance in 2008 on revised methods of working."

Other specific criticisms relate to the wastefulness associated with vexatious or spurious complaints. This has been an ongoing theme if the open-ended feedback in all waves of the research.

"I am amazed by the Standards Board's inability to suggest a solution to the huge number of unsubstantiated complaints made by one individual in Somerset, at a staggering cost."

"The Standards Board devotes more attention to complaint handling than it does to complaints prevention. Too much money is spent on the Annual Assembly at the expense of local and regional training. Material such as the guide for authorities seems to be produced without regard for economy."

"The system is very open to abuse by incompetent lawyers and the political element."

One respondent suggested that an expanded advisory service might assist the prevention of unnecessary complaints, while another felt strongly that the Standards Board was too open to political influence:

"There does not appear to be an advisory service. The only resource seems to be to make a complaint and see what happens."

"The way they behave is grossly incompetent and autocratic. This is from personal experience of seeking advice over issues and having suffered at their hands for 3 years. It is also my opinion that they are subject to political manipulation."

Others pick out what they see as flaws in the investigatory process, including some who express dissatisfaction with the new devolved system, again linking this to perceived political manipulation at the local level.

"The process is flawed. It does not effectively inspire confidence. The need for written evidence when there may be witnesses makes a mockery of the system. There needs to be greater clarity and accountability."

"To still say that the Standards Board is responsible for the policies of the local councils is an absolute joke."

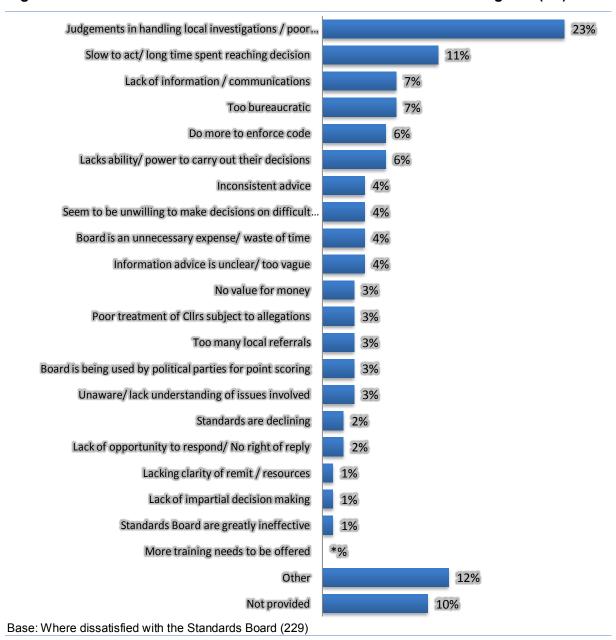
"With the passing down of power to the District Councils there is a lack of action. Complaints are not always investigated and even when a breach is proved there is a lack of action taken."

"The board will not accept complaints from the councillors instead councillors have to complain to the local authority whom may be the subject of the complaint. I have cases where the local authority has obstructed complaints."

"The standards regime is being used to silence critics of the council establishment."

The comments were coded into broad categories and are shown below to provide a reflection of the types of feedback received:

Figure 6: Reasons for Dissatisfaction with the Standards Board for England (Q4)



3.3 Advocacy

Advocacy of an organisation – often a key measure of future success – was introduced as a theme in the baseline 2004 survey and repeated in 2007 and 2009.

Between waves 1 and 2 there was a slight shift towards fewer neutral respondents and corresponding increases in both critics and advocates. In wave 3, encouragingly, the proportion of critics has decreased whilst those who would speak highly of the Standards Board have increased. In 2009, half the proportion as in 2004 responds 'don't know' (5% and 10% respectively).

Please note that charts combine those who would be critical with and without being asked, and those who would speak highly with and without being asked. Those who would speak highly of the standards board without being asked make up 7% of the 2009 sample, cf.4% in 2007 and 4% in 2004, underlining the positive shift in results.

 2009
 14%
 49%
 30%
 5%

 2007
 20%
 50%
 23%
 7%

 2004
 15%
 54%
 21%
 10%

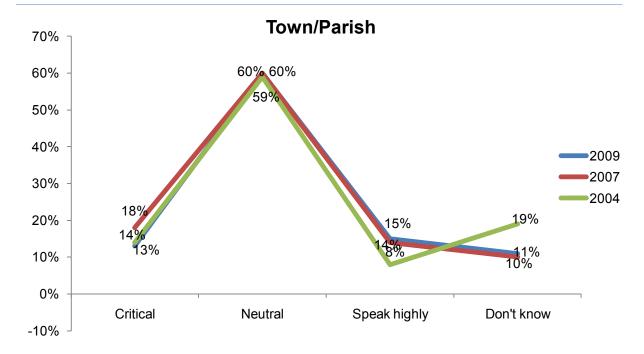
 Critical
 Neutral
 Speak highly
 Don't know

Figure 7: Advocacy of the Standards Board by wave (Q1)

Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)

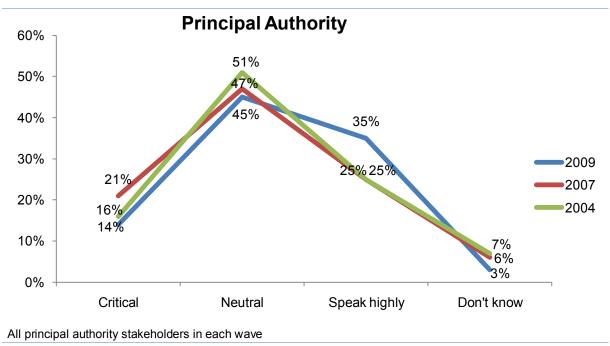
As shown in the three figures to follow, the positive shift is largely accounted for by principal authorities and police, park and fire authorities, while town and parish authorities show no significant development in terms of their advocacy. (This follows a reduction the previous wave in terms of the level of town and parish respondents who were unable to give a view).

Figure 8: How town/parish stakeholders would speak of the Standards Board (Q1)



All town/ parish stakeholders in each wave

Figure 9: How principal authority stakeholders would speak of the Standards Board (Q1)



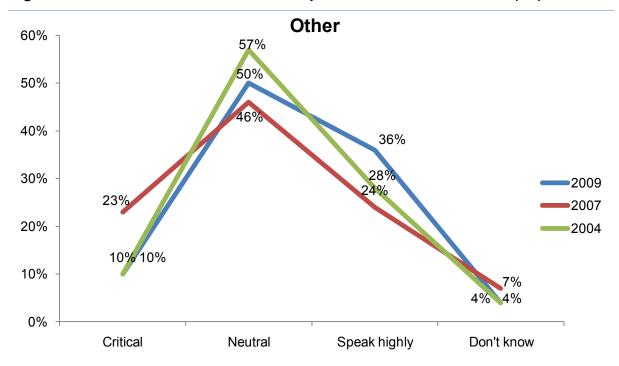


Figure 10: How other stakeholders would speak of the Standards Board (Q1)

All other authority stakeholders in each wave

3.4 Aspects of the Standards Board's work

Respondents were asked to rate the level of success achieved by the Standards Board across ten aspects of its work, the majority of which were also assessed in previous waves of the research (unless labelled 'new' in figure 11).

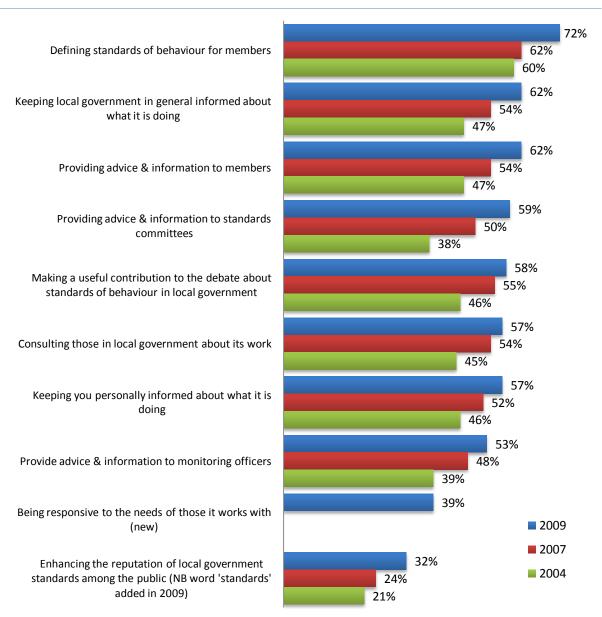
The words 'in the last year' were appended to the question this wave to reflect the growing maturity of the organisation and the need to distinguish perceptions of current success from more historical perceptions.

The proportions of those rating the Standards Board as 'very' or 'fairly successful' in each aspect are shown in figure 11, tracked against previous waves. This chart shows that the change from wave 2 to wave 3 is positive in each case. The ordering of the aspects is less insightful, due to varying proportions responding 'don't know' on each aspect (higher in respect of Standards Board support of specific job roles, such as monitoring officers, or 'those it works with'). Figure 12 provides more insight by showing how many respondents state don't know on each aspect, and is ordered on the basis of net success (% perceiving success minus % perceiving lack of success).

As shown, the Standards Board continues to be considered successful by more than half of respondents for all bar two of the aspects tested.

More than seven in ten stakeholders now consider the Standards Board successful in defining standards of behaviour for members, and more than three in five consider it successful in keeping local government in general informed about what it is doing, and providing information to members (62% in each case).

Figure 11: Perceived success in different aspects of its work, wave on wave (%very/fairly successful) (Q5)



Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)

As shown, only 39% concur with the organisation's success on the aspect of 'being responsive to the needs of those it works' - tested for the first time in 2009. However, most of those who do not rate the Standards Board as successful on this aspect respond don't know (25%) rather than unsuccessful (11%) as detailed in figure 12.

Only a third of respondents consider the Standards Board to be successful in enhancing the reputation of local government standards among the public. More here respond unsuccessful (25%) than don't know (7%). However, even on this aspect perceptions do appear to be showing a slow upward trend since 2004.

Figure 12: Perceived success on aspects of its work (2009) incl. detail and net rating (Q5)

	Very unsuccessful	Fairly unsuccessful	Neither /nor	Fairly successful	Very successful	Don't know	Not provided	Net (% successf - % unsuccessf)
Defining standards of behaviour for members	2%	7%	13%	55%	18%	4%	1%	+62%
Providing advice and information to standards committees	2%	4%	14%	40%	19%	20%	1%	+53%
Keeping local government in general informed about what it is doing	3%	9%	18%	49%	13%	8%	1%	+50%
Providing advice and information to monitoring officers	1%	2%	9%	33%	20%	32%	2%	+49%
Providing advice and information to members	4%	10%	18%	44%	17%	6%	1%	+48%
Consulting those in local government about its work	2%	9%	19%	46%	12%	11%	1%	+46%
Making a useful contribution to the debate about standards of behaviour in local government	4%	10%	20%	45%	13%	7%	2%	+44%
Keeping you personally informed about what it is doing	8%	12%	19%	42%	15%	3%	1%	+37%
Being responsive to the needs of those it works with	3%	8%	23%	32%	8%	25%	1%	+28%
Enhancing the reputation of local government standards among the public	7%	18%	35%	27%	5%	7%	1%	+7%
Base: All wave 3 respondents (1,973)								

Between 2004 and 2007, two aspects showed a decrease in net success: 'Defining standards for members' and 'Enhancing the reputation of local government among the public'. In contrast, between the 2007 and 2009 waves, all aspects show an improvement.

As shown in figure 13, wave 3 sees the first instance of positive net success in relation to 'enhancing the reputation of local government standards among the public' (from -12% to +7%). Defining standards of behaviour and providing advice and information to standards committees have also seen notable increases in net success since 2007.

Figure 13: Net perceived success on aspects of its work wave on wave (% successful - % unsuccessful) (Q5)

	2009 Net	2007 Net	2004 Net
Defining standards of behaviour for members	+62%	+43%	+48%
Providing advice and information to standards committees	+53%	+40%	+29%
Keeping local government in general informed about what it is doing	+50%	+37%	+26%
Providing advice and information to monitoring officers	+49%	+43%	+33%
Providing advice and information to members	+48%	+35%	+26%
Consulting those in local government about its work	+46%	+39%	+30%
Making a useful contribution to the debate about standards of behaviour in local government	+44%	+36%	+29%
Keeping you personally informed about what it is doing	+37%	+28%	+20%
Being responsive to the needs of those it works with	+28%	NA	NA
Enhancing the reputation of local government standards among the public	+7%	-12%	-7%
Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)			

3.4.1 Defining standards of behaviour

Between 2004 and 2007 a negative shift was seen in terms of perceptions of the Standards Board's success in defining standards, which was largely accounted for by a change in perceptions of some monitoring officers. As shown in figure 14, the negative trend has not continued and now 74% of monitoring officers consider the Standards Board successful at defining standards of behaviour. As in previous waves, the stakeholder groups most likely to consider the standards board successful on this aspect are standards committee chairs and independent members.

Town and parish stakeholder perceptions also appear to have shifted on this aspect (from under 60% perceiving the Standards Board successful on this in 2007 to over 60% in 2009).

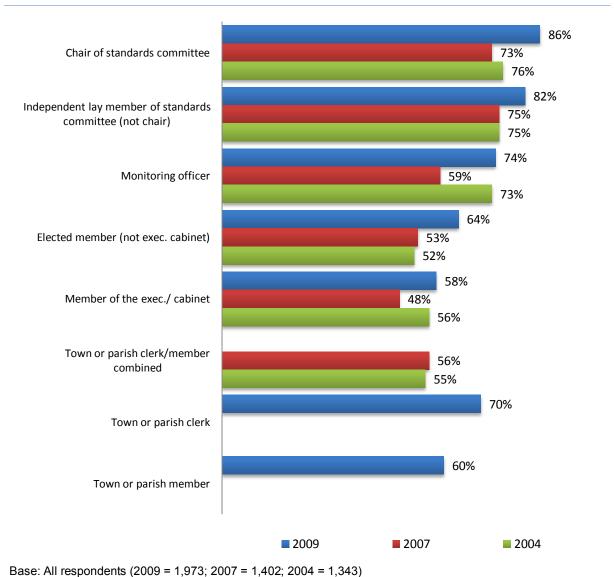


Figure 14: Perceived success in defining standards of behaviour, by wave and role (% very/fairly) (Q5)

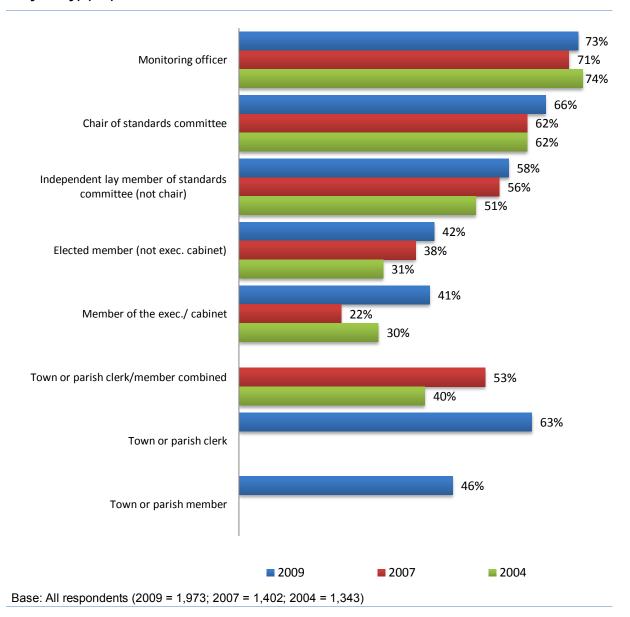
Dase. All respondents (2009 - 1,973, 2007 - 1,402, 2004 - 1,543)

3.4.2 Consulting with local government about its work

Monitoring officers are most likely to consider the Standards Board successful in terms of consulting with local government about its work, and least likely to consider the Standards Board unsuccessful, or state don't know. As shown in figure 15, 73% of monitoring officers now respond successful here, which is at a similar level to previous years.

The most apparent increases are seen among members of the exec/cabinet and among town and parish stakeholders. In wave 3 21% of members of the exec/cabinet respond unsuccessful and 13% say don't know or do not respond on this aspect, while in wave 2 the percentages were 40% stating unsuccessful and 13% stating don't know/ not provided.

Figure 15: Perceived success in consulting local government about its work (% very/fairly) (Q5)



3.4.3 Being responsive to the needs of those it works with

The aspect of 'being responsive to the needs of those it works with' was introduced in the 2009 survey.

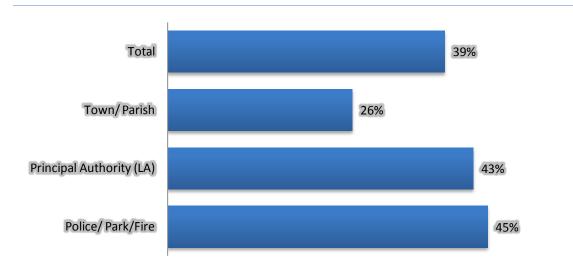
Overall, 8% respond that in this respect the Standards Board has been very successful in the last year, and 32% fairly successful. 23% state neither/nor while 8% state fairly unsuccessful and 3% very unsuccessful. A quarter (25%) respond don't know here.

This aspect achieves a net of +28% in terms of perceived success, which is 8th place in the 11 aspects of work analysed.

Sub-group analysis shows some interesting comparisons, as illustrated in the figures to follow. Police, park and fire (45%) and principal authorities (43%) are most likely to consider the Standards Board successful at being responsive to the needs of those it

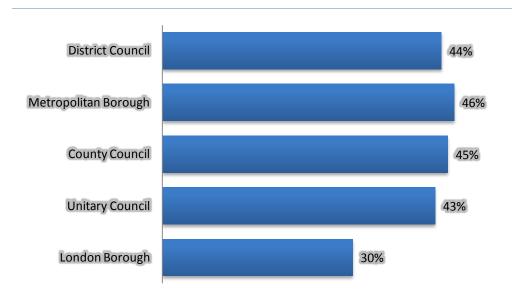
works with, while town and parish stakeholders are less likely to state successful (43% stating don't know/not provided, and 10% unsuccessful). Among principal authorities, London boroughs are less likely to respond positively on this aspect than other types (14% perceiving the Standards Board as being responsive in this way, while 27% respond don't know/not provided).

Figure 16: Being responsive to the needs of those it works with by authority type (% very/fairly successful) (Q5)



Base: All respondents in wave 3 (varies by row. Total row = 1,973)

Figure 17: Being responsive to the needs of those it works with by principal authority sub-type (% very/fairly) (Q5)



Base: All principal authorities in wave 3 (varies by type)

Perceived success in keeping respondents personally informed is looked at in more detail in section 6.1 of this report.

4 Attitudes to the Ethical Environment

4.1 Attitude Battery

Ten statements relating to the wider ethical environment were listed and respondents were required to indicate the level to which they agree or disagree with each.

Figure 18 shows the proportions of the total sample who indicate that they agree, to a greater or lesser extent, with each statement. Aspects are listed in order from highest to lowest agreement levels (bearing in mind the total sample base includes don't know in addition to negative responses).

In terms of the five aspects assessed in previous waves, we see either stasis or positive improvement in each one. Already over 90% in 2004, 'I support the requirement for members to sign a Code of Conduct' rose to 93% in 2007 and its rise is consolidated with a percentage of 94% in 2009. It may be very difficult for support to rise significantly beyond this, and the effort required disproportionate, while there may still be room for improvement in terms of confidence in standards committees' impartiality, and public concern about the standards of conduct of members (as well as indicators lower in the table).

Of the four new aspects assessed this wave, the highest agreement levels are seen in terms of support for a requirement for officers to sign a Code of Conduct (82%) and confidence in the way standards committees deal with complaints against members (75%). Confidence in the way the local authority deals with investigations (72%) is higher than confidence in the way the Standards Board deals with investigations (55%), while the statement with which least respondents agree relates to the standards committee having a high profile within the authority (42%).

Each statement shows some variation according to authority type and in particular respondent type. A selection of these has been charted in figures 19 to 25.

94% I support the requirement for members to sign a Code 93% of Conduct 84% 82% I have confidence that my local standards committee is 78% impartial 68% 82% I would support the requirement for officers to sign a Code of Conduct (new) 81% Maintaining high standards of behaviour for members is one of the most important issues facing local 80% government 76% 77% The public are concerned about the standards of 71% conduct of members 68% 75% I have confidence in the way my local standards committee deals with complaints about members (new) 72% I have confidence in the way my local authority deals with investigations (new) 55% I have confidence in the way the Standards Board for England deals with investigations (new) 47% I think members' standard of behaviour has improved 44% over recent times in my authority 27% 42% My standards committee has a high profile within the authority (new) 2009 **2007** 2004

Figure 18: % who tend to or strongly agree with ten statements about the ethical environment (Q6)

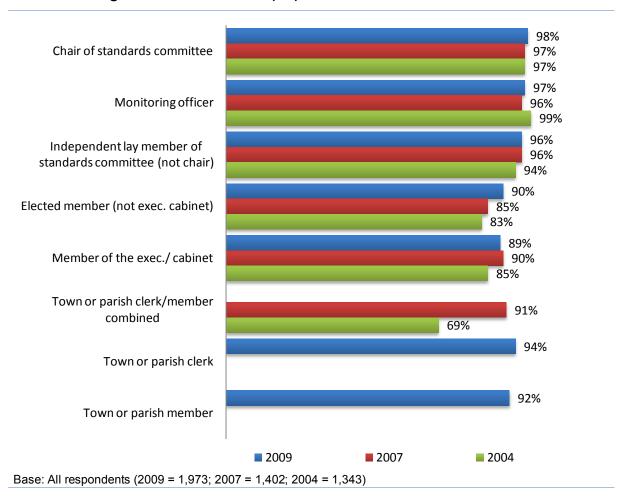
Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)

4.2 Support for the requirement to sign a code

In terms of supporting the requirement to sign the Code of Conduct for members, only small proportions disagree across all respondent types - reaching highest levels among members of the executive/cabinet (7%). Members of the executive/cabinet are the only stakeholder group among whom agreement with this statement has not increased (actually reducing slightly to 89% in wave 3, from 90% in wave 2).

The proportion of monitoring officers agreeing with this statement increased marginally from 96% last wave to 97% this wave, remaining two percentage points away from the baseline survey in 2004 when an almost universal 99% of monitoring officers agreed with this statement to at least some degree.

Figure 19: % who tend to or strongly agree with 'I support the requirement for members to sign a Code of Conduct' (Q6)



Town and parish members appear marginally more likely to support the requirement to sign a code than other elected members.

4.3 A code for officers

In terms of supporting a theoretical requirement for officers to sign a Code of Conduct, this is lowest among the officer stakeholders in the sample (78% of town/parish clerks and 70% of monitoring officers). It is correspondingly highest among elected members and town/parish members (88% of both stakeholder types).

This is illustrated in figure 20.

Total 82% Elected member (not exec. cabinet) 88% Town or parish member 88% Member of the exec./ cabinet 86% Independent lay member of standards committee 85% (not chair) Independent lay member 84% Chair of standards committee 83% Town or parish clerk 78% Monitoring officer 70%

Figure 20: % who tend to or strongly agree with 'I would support the requirement for officers to sign a Code of Conduct' (new; Q6)

Base: All respondents in wave 3 (varies by row)

4.4 Perception of change in members' behaviour

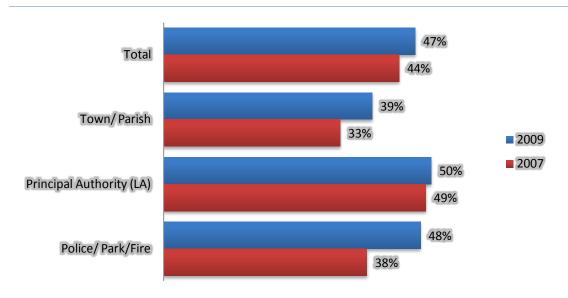
As shown in figure 21, town and parish councils remain less likely than other authorities to consider that members' standard of behaviour has improved.

A wave on wave increase of 6% among town and parish authorities is greater than the 1% increase for principal authorities but less notable than the increase among police, park and fire stakeholders (from 38% who agree in 2007 to 46% who agree in 2009).

In 2007, 21% of town and parish authorities disagreed that members' standard of behaviour had improved cf. 12% of principal authorities and 9% of police, park and fire authorities.

In 2009, 17% of town and parish authorities disagree that members' standard of behaviour has improved cf. 11% of principal authorities and 7% of police, park and fire authorities.

Figure 21: % who tend to or strongly agree that 'members' standard of behaviour has improved over recent times in that authority by authority type' (Q6)



Base: All respondents (varies by row)

4.5 Confidence in the process

Four of the statements in the ethical environment attitude battery in 2009 concern confidence felt in different aspects of the process. Responses by stakeholder type are set out in the figures overleaf.

Among monitoring officers as among the sample as a whole, net confidence is lowest in terms of the way the Standards Board deals with investigations (+62% of monitoring officers), while it is higher in terms of the way the local authority deals with investigations (+81% of monitoring officers), and the way the local standards committee deals with complaints about members (+85% of monitoring officers). Net confidence is highest in terms of the impartiality of the standards committee (+90% of monitoring officers).

Among chairs of standards committees, net confidence is even higher in the impartiality of the standards committee (+97%). Indeed, in all waves of the tracker research, role breakdowns confirm that chairs and independent members have the most confidence in the impartiality of their local committee.

In 2009, net confidence in the way the Standards Board deals with investigations is lower among chairs (+53%) than among monitoring officers (+62%).

Figure 22: I have confidence that my local standards committee is impartial (Q6)

	Agree	Neither/ Nor	Disagree	Don't know/ Not provided	Net (% Agree- % Disagree)
Monitoring officer	93%	3%	3%	2%	+90%
Chair of standards committee	97%	3%	0%	0%	+97%
Town or parish clerk	58%	17%	9%	16%	+49%
Independent lay member (not chair)	94%	2%	2%	2%	+92%
Town or parish member	64%	13%	11%	13%	+53%
Member of the exec./ cabinet	77%	7%	11%	4%	+66%
Elected member (not exec. cabinet)	74%	12%	9%	5%	+65%
Total sample	82%	7%	6%	6%	+76
Base: All wave 3 respondents (varies by r	ole)				

Figure 23: I have confidence in the way my local standards committee deals with complaints about members (Q6)

	Agree	Neither/ nor	Disagree	Don't know/ Not provided	Net (% Agree- % Disagree)
Monitoring officer	86%	6%	1%	7%	+85%
Chair of standards committee	95%	0%	0%	4%	+95%
Town or parish clerk	48%	19%	11%	21%	+37%
Independent lay member (not chair)	88%	13%	1%	6%	+87%
Town or parish member	57%	1%	12%	0%	+45%
Member of the exec./ cabinet	66%	20%	7%	7%	+59%
Elected member (not exec. cabinet)	64%	16%	12%	8%	+52%
Total sample	75%	10%	6%	10%	+69%
Base: All wave 3 respondents (varies by r	ole)				

Figure 24: I have confidence in the way my local authority deals with investigations (Q6)

	Agree	Neither/n or	Disagree	Don't know/ Not provided	Net (% Agree- % Disagree)
Monitoring officer	81%	6%	0%	13%	+81%
Chair of standards committee	90%	10%	1%	4%	+89%
Town or parish clerk	48%	20%	12%	20%	+36%
Independent lay member (not chair)	83%	7%	1%	8%	+82%
Town or parish member	50%	19%	13%	18%	+37%
Member of the exec./ cabinet	66%	18%	7%	10%	+59%
Elected member (not exec. cabinet)	66%	13%	14%	7%	+52%
Total sample	72%	11%	6%	11%	+66%
Base: All wave 3 respondents (varies by r	ole)				

Figure 25: I have confidence in the way the Standards Board for England deals with investigations (Q6)

	Agree	Neither/n or	Disagree	Don't know/ Not provided	Net (% Agree- % Disagree)
Monitoring officer	69%	16%	7%	8%	+62%
Chair of standards committee	62%	19%	9%	10%	+53%
Town or parish clerk	44%	25%	10%	23%	+34%
Independent lay member (not chair)	64%	17%	5%	15%	+59%
Town or parish member	42%	19%	14%	25%	+28%
Member of the exec./ cabinet	42%	30%	14%	13%	+28%
Elected member (not exec. cabinet)	48%	17%	20%	15%	+28%
Total sample	55%	19%	11%	15%	+44%
Base: All wave 3 respondents (varies by r	ole)				

4.6 A comparison between stakeholder and public confidence

Two questions were asked concerning confidence in the way breaches of the codes are dealt with. Identical questions were asked of the public in the Cardiff University/BMG study on *Public Trust in Local Government*, (consisting of over 1,800 face to face interviews across 9 case study authorities). These surveys were both conducted at the start of 2009, and while differing methodologies were applied, it may be useful to compare the feedback from each group.

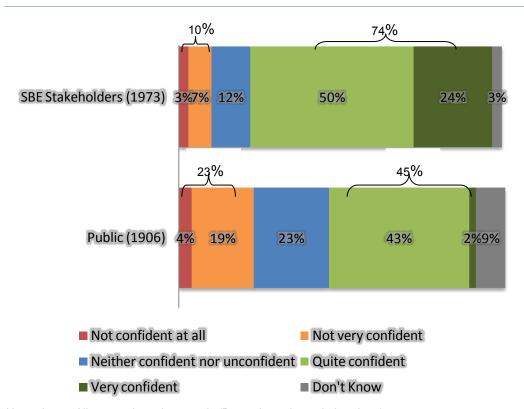
4.6.1 Confidence in uncovering a breach

The chart below summarises the results when respondents were asked to rate their confidence in the local authority uncovering a breach of standards in behaviour by a councillor in the authority.

As shown, similar proportions of each sample fall within the most cynical response type (3% of stakeholders and 4% of the public responding 'not confident at all'). However, overall the public have less confidence than stakeholders, with 19% not very confident, and 32% either neutral or unsure, cf. only 7% of the Standards Board stakeholders not very confident and 15% neutral or unsure.

Under half (45%) of the public are quite or very confident, cf. almost three quarters (74%) of stakeholders.

Figure 26: Rating of confidence in the respondent's local authority uncovering a breach of standards in behaviour Q7



Upper base: All respondents in wave 3. (Base sizes shown in brackets).

Lower base: All respondents, Public Trust in Local Government, Cardiff University/BMG, 2009

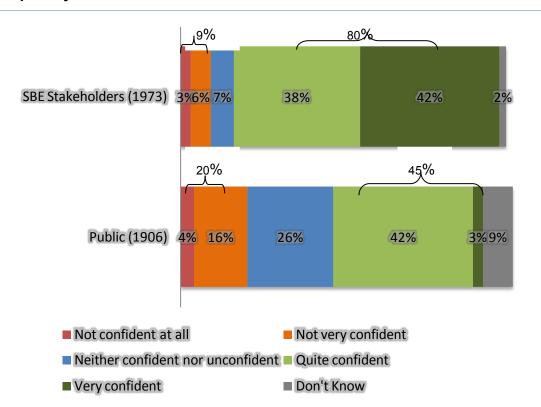
4.6.2 Confidence in dealing appropriately with a breach

The chart below summarises the results when respondents were asked to rate their confidence in the local authority dealing appropriately with a breach of standards in behaviour by a councillor in the authority.

As shown, the confidence of stakeholders increases to 80% (from 74% confident in the uncovering of a breach), while the proportion not confident decreases by 1% (9%, cf. 10% in relation to uncovering a breach).

Among the public there is also a suggestion that confidence is slightly higher than in terms of uncovering a breach (20% are not confident, cf. 23% in terms of dealing appropriately with a breach).

Figure 27: Rating of confidence in the respondent's local authority dealing appropriately with a breach of standards in behaviour Q8



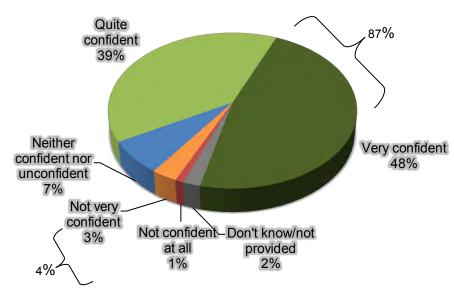
Base: All respondents (shown in brackets).

Public data source: Public Perceptions of Ethics in Local Government survey, Cardiff University, 2009

4.6.3 Stakeholder confidence in their authority upholding ethical standards

Stakeholders were also asked to rate their confidence in their authority's commitment to upholding ethical standards. Overall, 89% are quite or very confident in this respect and only 4% are not very or not at all confident. Neutral respondents account for less than 1 in 10 of the sample, 7% stating neither confident nor unconfident.

Figure 28: Stakeholder confidence in their authority's commitment to upholding ethical standards (Q9)



Base: All wave 3 respondents (1,973)

Stakeholders in town and parish authorities are more likely than others to be either neutral (14% stating neither/nor) or not confident (9% either not very or not at all confident). An assessment by individual role shows independent lay members and monitoring officers to be the most confident in their authority's commitment to upholding ethical standards (94% confident in each case).

5 Changes to the Ethical Framework

5.1 Keeping stakeholders informed and supported through the changes

At the start of a third section to the questionnaire, the following outline was provided relating to the move towards a more devolved system of operation:

Since May 2008 there has been a shift towards local ownership of the Standards Framework.

Standards committees are now the bedrock of a devolved system, being proactive in championing high standards at the local level. In addition, allegations of misconduct are in the first instance considered at a local level and more cases are being dealt with at a local level than previously.

The 2004 and 2007 waves of this research assessed awareness of the changes and preparedness for the changes. Awareness in 2007 varied from 99% of monitoring officers to 69%members of the executive/cabinet and 68% of elected members. 68% of monitoring officers and 63% of local standards committees were deemed to be prepared for the changes at that stage.

In wave 3 the theme is re-assessed from the current vantage point, and investigated in more detail.

Firstly respondents were asked to rate the success of the Standards Board on four different issues, thinking about the last year, as the ethical framework has devolved.

Figure 29 shows the perceived performance on each aspect, ordered from highest to lowest net success rating (% successful minus % unsuccessful). As shown, greatest net success is perceived in terms of keeping local government informed about changes to authorities' role in investigations (+64%), followed by conveying the message about the new ethical framework effectively (+57). The net rating is +56% for providing support and guidance to assist authorities in their new role within the new framework, whilst the net rating is +50% for keeping local government informed about the Standards Board's new role as a strategic regulator.

Figure 29: Rating of how successful the Standards Board for England has been in each aspect relating to the changes to the ethical framework (Q10)

	Very unsuccessful	Fairly unsuccessful	Neither	Fairly successful	Very successful	Summary: Successful	Summary: Not successful	Don't know/ Not provided	NET (% successf % unsuccessf)
Keeping local government informed about changes in relation to authorities' role in investigations	1%	6%	14%	50%	21%	71%	7%	9%	+64%
Conveying the message about the new ethical framework effectively	2%	8%	17%	53%	14%	67%	10%	6%	+57%
Providing support and guidance to assist authorities in their new role within the new framework	1%	6%	16%	44%	19%	63%	7%	15%	+56%
Keeping local government informed about the Standards Board for England's new role as strategic regulator	2%	7%	20%	43%	16%	59%	9%	12%	+50%
Base: All respondents in wave 3 (1,973)									

5.2 Support and bedding in of the changes

Respondents were asked to rate their agreement or disagreement with three new statements about the changes.

As shown, net agreement is highest (+65%) in terms of the statement 'improving members' standard of behaviour is now a local issue'. Net agreement is at a similar level in terms of support for the devolution of the ethical framework (+62%).

Net agreement is slightly lower, but still over +50% in terms of 'The new ethical framework is firmly embedded in local government' (+52%).

Figure 30: Rating of agreement with the specified changes in ethical framework (Q11)

	Strongly disagree	Tend to disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Tend to agree	Strongly agree	Summary Agree	Summary Disagree	Don't know	NET agreement
Improving members' standard of behaviour is now a local issue	2%	6%	14%	43%	31%	74%	9%	3%	+65%
I support the devolution of the ethical framework (new)	3%	6%	14%	35%	37%	74%	10%	4%	+62%
The new ethical framework is now firmly embedded in local government (new)	2%	7%	23%	45%	16%	61%	9%	7%	+52%
Base: All respondents in wave 3(1,973)									

Variations are interesting in terms of authority and respondent type.

For example, as shown in figure 30, 72% of respondents in total agree that they support the devolution of the ethical framework. This varies from 60% of town and parish stakeholders to 75% of principal authority stakeholders and 82% of police/park/fire authority stakeholders. Across respondent roles, support ranges from 59% of town/parish clerks and 65% of monitoring officers to 88% of chairs and 84% of other independent lay members.

Across the total sample 61% agree that the new ethical framework is now firmly embedded in local government. This varies from 51% of town and parish respondents to 65% of principal authority respondents and 64% of police, park and fire authority respondents.

Preparedness for the changes in 2007 also showed notable variation between town and parish councils and other authorities.

6 Information Provision

6.1 Informing Stakeholders Personally

Past waves of this research have proven a correlation between perceived success in terms of being kept informed by the Standards Board for England and perceived success on other key indicators, including support for the need to sign a Code of Conduct and overall satisfaction with the work of the Standards Board.

Analysis of one of the success ratings at question 5 shows that monitoring officers are most likely to consider the Standards Board for England successful in keeping them personally informed. Monitoring officers give the Standards Board a net rating of +82% successful on this aspect, as shown below. The next highest success rating in being kept personally informed is generated by responses from standards committee chairs (+57%).

Figure 31: Perceived success in keeping you personally informed about what it is doing by role wave 3 (Q5)

	Successful	Un- successful	Don't know/ Not provided	Net (% successf % unsuccessf)
Monitoring officer	86%	4%	1%	+82%
Chair of standards committee	69%	12%	1%	+57%
Town or parish clerk	62%	12%	5%	+50%
Independent lay member (not chair)	62%	17%	2%	+45%
Town or parish member	37%	31%	8%	+6%
Member of the exec./ cabinet	31%	34%	9%	-3%
Elected member (not exec. cabinet)	35%	38%	7%	-3%
Total sample	57%	20%	4%	+37%
Base: All wave 3 respondents (varies by role	·)			

Two types of stakeholder respond unsuccessful in higher proportions than successful. These are members of the executive/ cabinet and elected members (not executive cabinet), with net ratings of -3% in each case. Nevertheless, those giving a rating of successful account for 31% of members of the exec./cabinet in 2009, compared with only 16% in 2007. A smaller increase was also seen among elected members (from 31% in 2007 to 35% in 2009).

When asked how they felt the Standards Board could improve its communications with stakeholders, responses suggest a continued mix in attitudes between those happy to receive information via the monitoring officer or town clerk, and others who seek more direct communications. An excel file of respondents' open-ended suggestions on improvement to communication channels and formats is also available.

6.2 How well the Standards Board is seen to have provided key information types, and the perceived future importance of each type

A range of topic areas were listed and respondents asked to indicate the level of success achieved by the Standards Board in keeping them informed on each.

The list of topic areas is shown below in order of highest to lowest net ratings, where nets reflect % responding 'well informed by the Standards Board' on this topic minus % responding 'not well informed by the Standards Board' on this topic.

The highest net rating is given on the topic of the Code of Conduct (+77%) followed by the local standards framework (+58%), while the lowest (with a rating less than half that of any other) is for case law examples (+17%).

Figure 32: Rating of how well the Standards Board for England has kept the respondent informed regarding the specified issues (Q12)

	Not at all	Not very well	Fairly well	Very well	Summary well	Summary not well	Don't know/ Not provided	Net well
The Code of Conduct	3%	7%	46%	42%	87%	10%	3%	+77%
The local standards framework	5%	13%	49%	27%	76%	18%	6%	+58%
Good practice guidance	7%	15%	52%	21%	73%	21%	6%	+52%
Members' responsibilities for ensuring high standards of conduct	4%	17%	50%	23%	73%	22%	5%	+51%
Local authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct	5%	17%	49%	22%	72%	21%	7%	+51%
New developments in relation to standards of behaviour	8%	19%	49%	18%	67%	26%	6%	+41%
Case law examples Base: All respondents (1,973)	14%	23%	41%	13%	54%	37%	9%	+17%

The same topic areas were listed and respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance they would attribute to the Standards Board keeping them informed on each, going forward.

The list of topic areas is again shown below in order of highest to lowest net ratings, where nets reflect the percentage responding 'important for the Standards Board to keep me informed on this topic' minus % responding 'not important for the Standards Board to keep me informed on this topic'.

The table shows some differences in the order compared with the perceived success table above, although it is reassuring that the aspect considered most important is

also top in terms of keeping stakeholders informed. Likewise, the aspect considered least important is also the aspect on which stakeholders consider themselves least well informed (case law examples).

All scores for importance are higher than in terms of being kept informed. This is inevitable, but it is still a worthwhile objective for the Standards Board to aim to close the gap between the two.

The highest net importance rating is given on the topic of the Code of Conduct (+94%) followed by good practice guidance (+92%) and new developments in relation to standards of behaviour (+92%).

Figure 33: Rating of how important it is for the Standards Board for England to keep the respondent informed regarding the specified issues (Q13)

	Not at all	Not very	Fairly important	Very important	Summary: important	Summary: not important	Don't know/ Not provided	Net well
The Code of Conduct	1%	2%	21%	75%	96%	2%	2%	+94%
Good practice guidance	1%	2%	27%	67%	95%	3%	3%	+92%
New developments in relation to standards of behaviour	1%	2%	28%	66%	95%	3%	2%	+92%
Members' responsibilities for ensuring high standards of conduct	1%	3%	27%	67%	94%	4%	2%	+90%
The local standards framework	1%	3%	31%	62%	93%	4%	3%	+89%
Local authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct	1%	4%	31%	62%	93%	5%	2%	+88%
Case law examples	2%	9%	36%	50%	86%	11%	3%	+75%
Base: All respondents (1,973)								

6.2.1 Differences in future perceived importance and success in being kept informed

In terms of the order of topics (relative to each other), the most significant mismatch, or difference between importance and success in informing stakeholders, is in relation to new developments in terms of members' standard of behaviour (joint second in net importance cf. sixth in terms of net success in being informed). At the other end of the scale, while the local standards framework is in the top two in terms of being kept informed, it slips to top five in terms of perceived importance going forward (albeit still a high +90%), while not as low as case law examples (+75%).

Mismatches can also be looked at in terms of percentage points difference in net ratings. In this respect, case law examples show the largest difference (+17% on success in informing cf. +75% in perceived importance). In contrast the Code of Conduct shows the least difference (+77% on success in informing cf. +94% in perceived importance). This is summarised in figure 34.

Please note that mismatches do not suggest that the communications policy has been wrong in the last year, but rather give an indication of how requirements will change in the coming year since the importance ratings relate to perceived importance 'going forward' and not importance over the past year.

Figure 34: Net ratings: informed / importance comparisons in wave 3 (Q12/13)

Topic	Net rating: Kept informed in last year	Net rating: Important going forward	Difference (Important in future minus informed)
Case law examples	+17%	+75%	-58%
New developments in relation to standards of behaviour	+41%	+92%	-51%
Good practice guidance	+52%	+92%	-40%
Members' responsibilities for ensuring high standards of conduct	+51%	+90%	-39%
Local authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct	+51%	+88%	-37%
The local standards framework	+58%	+89%	-31%
The Code of Conduct	+77%	+94%	-17%

6.2.2 Wave on wave comparisons

Six of the seven types of information were analysed in the same way in the 2004 and 2007 waves of this research. Grouped responses and net success/ importance for each type of information across both waves are tabulated for comparative purposes in Appendix 3.

Similarly to in 2009, good practice guidance, new developments in relation to standards of behaviour and the Code of Conduct all rated +92% in terms of net importance in 2007, from just over 80% in 2004. Identically to in 2009, local authority and member responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct rated +88% and +89% net importance in 2007 respectively, from +74% and +78% in 2004.

In terms of being kept informed, a net +65% considered that the Standards Board kept them informed on the Code of Conduct in 2004, decreasing slightly to 62% in 2007 but now increasing to +77% in 2009.

Net success in keeping stakeholders informed on case law examples stood at -14% in 2004, while net importance was +64%. In 2007, net importance grew to +77% and the mismatch between demand and supply of information in this area appeared on the way to being rectified, with +20% considering themselves informed in this area by the Standards Board. In 2009, the gap remains a similar size as in 2007, with net importance at +75% and net informed at +17%.

6.3 Future topics of interest

Respondents were asked to consider information they might like to receive in the future. Their perceived usefulness ratings are shown below (from highest to lowest in net terms).

Good practice for standards committees is the most popular, followed by sanctions guidance and alternative action, all of which are considered to be useful in future by more than 70%, and more than +60% in net terms. Further information on carrying out an investigation is considered useful in future by 70% (net +56%) and monitoring/benchmarking data by 63% (net +45%).

Figure 35: Rating of how useful the respondent would find it to receive information on the specified topics (Q24)

	Not at all useful	Not very useful	Fairly useful	Very useful	Summary Useful	Summary Not useful	Don't know/ Not provided	Net Useful
Good practice for standards committees	4%	5%	30%	50%	80%	9%	11%	+71%
Sanctions guidance	3%	6%	29%	47%	76%	10%	14%	+66%
Alternative action	3%	7%	29%	44%	73%	10%	17%	+63%
Further information on carrying out an investigation	5%	9%	34%	35%	70%	14%	16%	+56%
Monitoring / benchmarking data	5%	13%	35%	28%	63%	18%	19%	+45%

Variations by respondent role and authority type are provided in the data tables accompanying this report.

Sixty-eight respondents also mentioned other further topics of interest. A full listing of these is available, examples including:

More guidance regarding conflicts of interest;

Advice for dual-hatted councillors / members;

Publicity role of standard committees;

Information about other authorities' standards committees practice e.g. how many pay independent members and at what level;

Information on innovative practices by standard boards;

Guidance on the way forward if investigation indicates no breach, or evidence to support allegation;

Notifying members of complaints made;

Complaints page needs to be put on the standards boards website;

Dealing with appeals to adjudication panel

Guidance on reviews of local assessment;

Further feedback on topics of information, including ratings and opinions of specific publications, is provided in section 7 of this report.

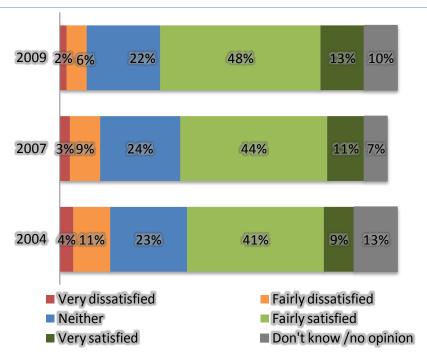
7 Published Information and Guidance

7.1 Overall Satisfaction

Respondents rated their satisfaction with published information and guidance provided by the Standards Board.

As shown below, in 2009 only 8% describe themselves as very or fairly dissatisfied in this respect, and 31% are either neutral or unsure, while 61% are very or fairly satisfied.

Figure 36: Overall rating of the published information and guidance provided by the Standards Board, by wave (Q18)



Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)

The proportion satisfied minus the proportion dissatisfied is therefore +53% in 2009, which is a notable improvement on the 2007 net of +43%, and continues a clear positive trend on this aspect (net satisfaction being +36% in 2004).

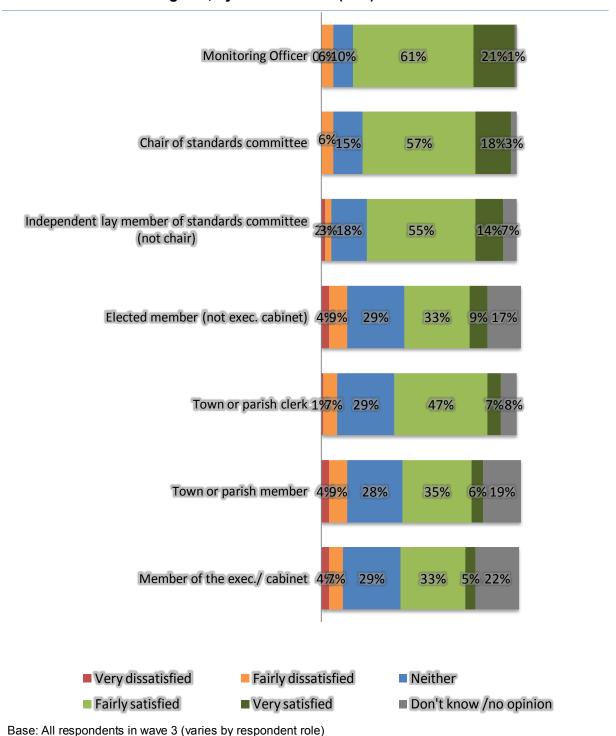
There are some variations in satisfaction levels by subgroup, as detailed fully in the data tables.

A large majority of 82% of monitoring officers are satisfied with published information and guidance, cf. a smaller majority of 55% of town and parish clerks. While the proportion of monitoring officers satisfied has increased on last wave (then 75%) satisfaction among town and parish clerks remains stable (55%).

Elected members and members of the executive/cabinet are the most likely to be dissatisfied, (proportions 13% and 11% respectively).

Figure 37 shows responses by stakeholder type in order from most to least satisfied.

Figure 37: Overall rating of the published information and guidance provided by the Standards Board for England, by role in wave 3 (Q18)



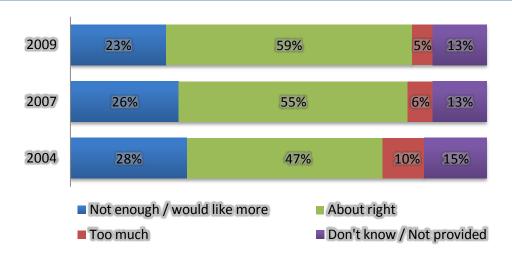
7.2 Views on the Amount and Frequency of Information and Guidance

In 2009, as in all previous waves, the largest proportion considers that the amount of published information and guidance they receive from the Standards Board is about right (59%, cf. 55% in 2007 and 47% in 2004).

Between 2004 and 2007 the proportion of respondents who consider that they receive too much information decreased by 4%, and the proportion who consider that they receive information too frequently reduced by 6%.

Encouragingly, this trend has continued in the latest wave of findings, albeit very gradually, with 23% now considering that they would like more information, and only 5% stating that they receive too much.

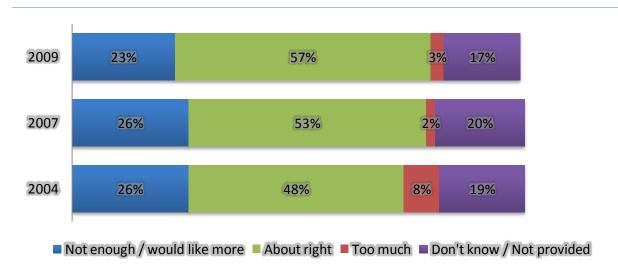
Figure 38: Rating of the amount of published information and guidance the respondent receives from the Standards Board for England by wave (Q14)



Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)

Feedback in terms of frequency of receipt of information is very similar. Now, 23% consider that they would like more frequent receipt of information from the Standards Board, and only 3% state that they receive too frequent information.

Figure 39: Rating of the frequency of published information and guidance the respondent receives from the Standards Board for England by wave (Q15)

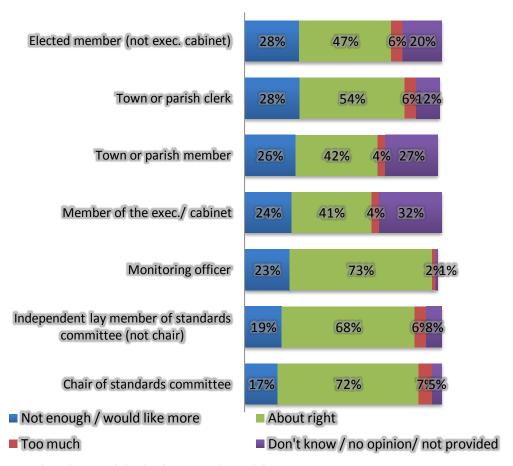


Base: All respondents (2009 = 1,973; 2007 = 1,402; 2004 = 1,343)

Figure 40 shows grouped responses on amount of information received by stakeholder role. Those most likely to be seeking a greater amount of information from the Standards Board are listed first. Elected members and town and parish clerks are most likely, closely followed by town or parish members.

Overall, 27% of respondents from town and parish authorities and 23% of respondents from principal authorities are seeking more information; cf. only 16% of police, park and fire stakeholders.

Figure 40: Rating of the amount of published information and guidance the respondent receives from the Standards Board for England in wave 3 by role (Q14)



Base: All respondents in wave 3 (varies by respondent role)

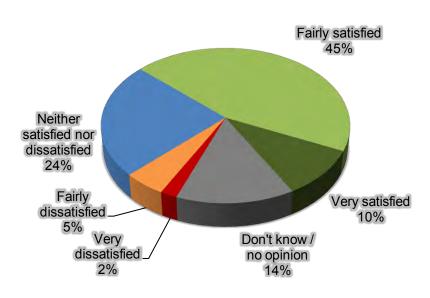
In 2004 28% of town and parish clerks/members felt that they received too much information from the Standards Board for England. In 2007 only 6% considered this. This remains at a similarly low level in 2009 (6% of clerks, 4% of members).

7.3 Views on Topics and Formats

In 2009, respondents were also asked to rate their satisfaction with the topics covered and the formats used by the Standards Board for England. Overall, net satisfaction with the topics covered is +48% (55% satisfied minus 7% dissatisfied). Net satisfaction with formats is a similar +46% (53% satisfied minus 7% dissatisfied).

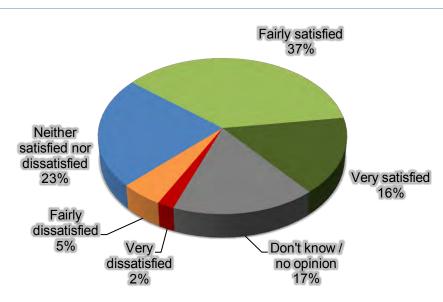
The results are shown in more detail in the following figures, and by respondent role and other variables in the data tables.

Figure 41: Rating of the topics covered by the published information and guidance the respondent receives from the Standards Board in wave 3 (Q16)



Base: All respondents in wave 3 (1,973)

Figure 42: Rating of the formats used by the Standards Board for England to publish information and guidance in wave 3 (Q17)



Base: All respondents in wave 3 (1,973)

7.4 Views on Publications

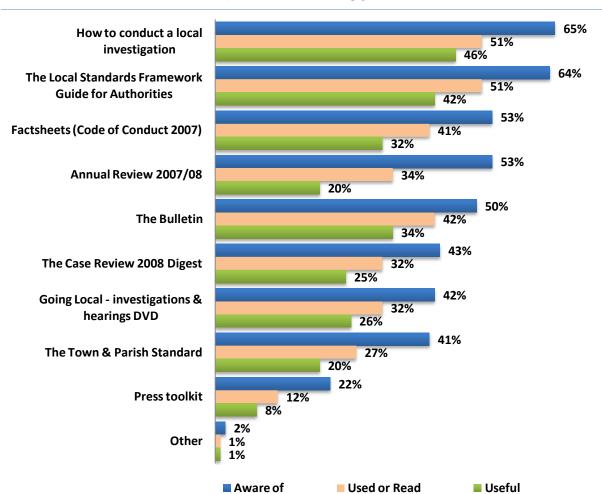
Awareness levels, readership and perceived usefulness of a range of specific media published or disseminated by the Standards Board for England were tested. Figure 4 summarises the proportions responding yes in terms of awareness of the publication, usage of the publication and whether they consider the publication useful.

The sample base in each case is all respondents. The data tables may be consulted for detail on percentages responding 'used/read' where they are aware of a specific publication, and percentages considering a specific publication useful where they have used this publication.

8% of respondents were not aware of any of the media listed (rising to 12% of town/parish respondents).

This figure presents the media in order from highest to lowest % 'aware of' ('very' or 'fairly').

Figure 43: Views on selected publications: Awareness/readership/perceived usefulness across the total sample, (% responding yes in each case) (Q19-21)



Base: All wave 3 respondents (1,973).

Note % useful is NOT based only on all users, but all respondents, including those who have not used/unaware of this publication. Likewise % used/read is NOT based on all aware but all respondents, including those unaware of this publication.

7.4.1 Awareness

Of the media listed, *How to conduct a local investigation* achieves the highest ratings in terms of awareness (65%) as it did in wave 2 (67%). *The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities* now enjoys a similar profile (64% aware), followed by Factsheets and the *Annual Review 2007/8* (each 53%).

The *Bulletin* is the only publication that has been listed in all three waves of the survey. Awareness has not grown this wave and even seems to have declined slightly at 50%, cf. 55% aware of the *Bulletin* in 2007 (after 40% in 2004).

The *Town and Parish Standard* was least known last wave and continues to be near the bottom of the table, but the *Press toolkit*, assessed for the first time this wave, is lower, with 22% awareness, perhaps reflecting its status a less established format.

7.4.2 Used or read

As shown in figure 43, just over half of all respondents have used or read *How to conduct a local investigation* and *The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities* (51% in each case). At the other end of the scale, just 12% have to date used the *Press toolkit*.

7.4.3 Useful

As shown in figure 43, a little under half of all respondents (46%), consider *How to conduct a local investigation* as very or quite useful. This is a very significant 90% of all those who have used or read this (using the basic calculation: 46%/51% x 100, or see data tables). By means of comparison, 68% of users of the press toolkit consider it useful, and 75% of users of the Town and Parish Standard.

There are significant variations on all three aspects by respondent and authority type, which can be seen in the cross tabulated data. For example, 26% of town and parish clerks have used/read the *Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities*, (or 59% of those aware) cf. 89% of monitoring officers and 71% of committee chairs (95% and 87% of those aware respectively). In contrast, 53% of town and parish clerks have read the Town and Parish Standard, cf. 27% of monitoring officers and 19% of committee chairs.

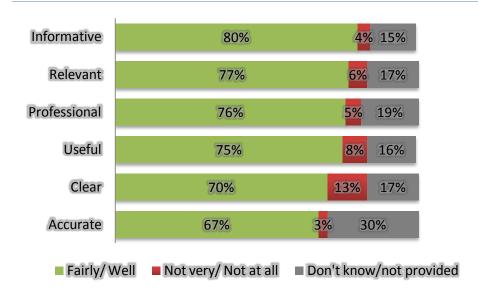
7.5 Ratings on aspects of the Standards Board's published information and guidance

Respondents were again asked to indicate the degree to which, in their opinion the Standards Board's published information and guidance is informative, accurate, relevant, clear, useful and professional.

At least two in three respond positively on each aspect tested, from 80% who say that the published information and guidance is very or fairly informative, to 67% who consider it fairly or very accurate. In 2007 these percentages were 78% and 66% respectively.

As in 2004, clarity is the area which receives most criticism. 13% consider information as not very or not at all clear (14% in 2007).

Figure 44: Rating of the information and guidance published by the Standards Board on specified aspects in wave 3 (Q22)



Base: All wave 3 respondents (1,973)

More concise, summarised or easily searchable media are again themes in some stakeholders' suggestions on how communications can improve (See verbatim comments file. Please note that comments stressing a need for more concise documents are most typical of town and parish stakeholders.)

Figure 45 shows net ratings (% very/fairly minus % not very/not at all) for each aspect of the Standards Board's published information and guidance across all three waves. The base in each case contains valid ratings only i.e. excluding don't know responses.

In no aspect does the perceived standard seem to have dropped, and while there are no very dramatic improvements, some aspects which seemed to have dropped slightly last wave are now at least back to 2004 levels.

Perceptions of relevance and usefulness appear to be showing strongest improvement since 2004. Net positive responses for usefulness have risen from +69% to +80% since 2004, and net relevance has risen from +76% to +86%.

In wave 3, 96% of monitoring officers describe the published information as very or fairly useful and only 4% give a negative response (net +92% useful).

Elected members and members of the exec./cabinet are most likely to state not very or not at all useful (19% and 16% respectively).

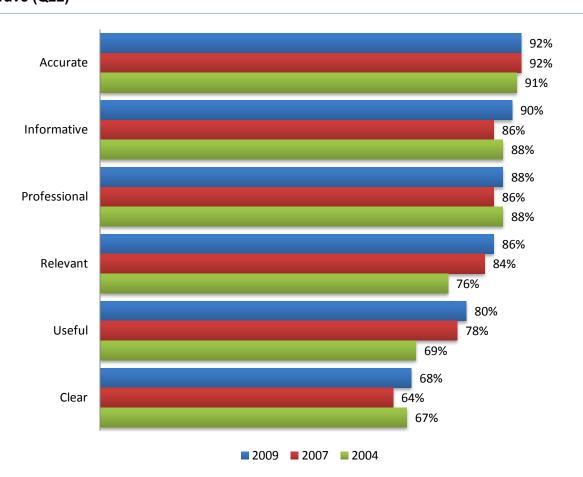


Figure 45: Net ratings (% very/fairly - % not very/not at all) of the information and guidance published by the Standards Board for England, on specified aspects by wave (Q22)

Base: All valid responses in each wave (excluding don't know/not provided, varying by wave and aspect)

7.6 The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities

The following introduction was given to a page of the questionnaire dedicated to this specific format:

The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities is a lever arch file containing removable sections on a number of standards related issues. Toolkit sections contain template letters, flowcharts and other documents which aim to provide practical assistance to users. The Guide is also available on the Standards Board for England website.

As shown in figure 43 (section 7.4), 64% of stakeholders are aware of this format, and 51% of the total sample have used or read it.

The eight key sections of *The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities* were listed and respondents who had used or read the guide were asked to rate each one.

The results, listed in order of net usefulness in figure 46, indicate that the local assessment of complaints section is considered most useful, while the local

investigations and other action toolkit is considered less useful among all those who have used this format.

Local assessment of complaints and the role and make-up of standards committees are most widely used, with only 10% of those using the guide not able to rate these.

At least two thirds of users consider each aspect to be useful. Where invalid responses (such as not used) are excluded from the base, this percentage rises to a minimum of 93% for the two sections at the lower end of the table, to 97% and 98% for the two sections at the upper end.

Figure 46: Rating of usefulness of each of the specified sections of The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities (Q23)

	Useful	Not useful	Not aware of/ not used	Not provided	Net useful
Local assessment of complaints	88%	2%	4%	6%	+86%
The role and make-up of standards committees	87%	3%	4%	6%	+84%
Standards committee determinations	82%	3%	10%	6%	+79%
How to conduct an investigation	80%	3%	10%	7%	+77%
Local investigations and other action	79%	4%	10%	8%	+75%
Local assessment of complaints toolkit	72%	5%	16%	8%	+67%
Standards committee determinations toolkit	67%	5%	19%	8%	+62%
Local investigations and other action toolkit	66%	5%	20%	9%	+61%
Base: All users/ past users of the Local Standards Fro	amework Gu	ide (1004)			

8 The Standards Board for England Website

8.1 Frequency of visit

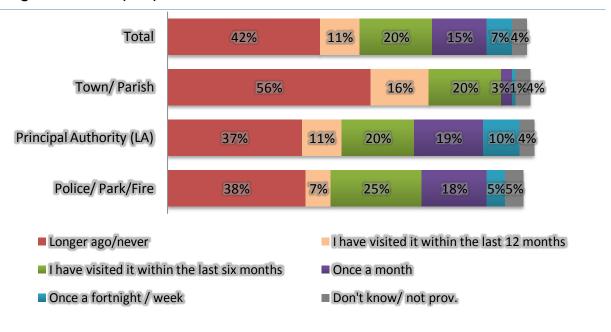
In 2007, website usage showed a strong increase on 2004, with 'usage over the last 12 months' reaching 44% of town/parish stakeholders and 62% of all other stakeholders (57% overall).

In 2009, the pattern of visits to the website remains very similar to in 2007, with 58% having visited the website in the last year.

A small minority are frequent users. In total 7% say that they visit the site weekly or fortnightly, a further 15% say that they visit the site monthly, 20% that they have visited it once in the last 6 months, and 11% once within the last 12 months. 42% had never visited the site, while 4% did not answer.

These proportions are all very similar to results in 2007, when 8% stated that they visited the website at least fortnightly, and a further 15% monthly.

Figure 47: Frequency with which the respondent visits the Standards Board for England website (Q25)



Base: All respondents (1,973)

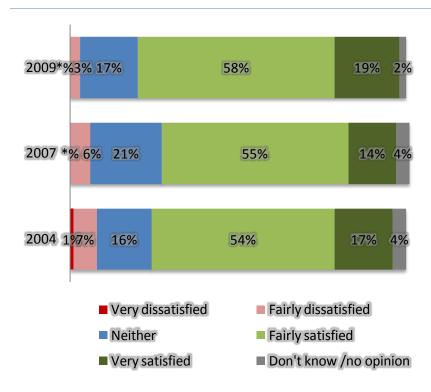
Principal authority stakeholders are again the most frequent users, 29% visiting on at least a monthly basis, as in 2007. Police, park and fire authorities are as likely as principal authorities to have used the site at some point (only 37% and 38% stating never or longer than a year ago in each case) but town and parish councils are less likely, 56% confirming that they have never visited the site.

8.2 Satisfaction

Satisfaction with the website among those who have used it has grown year on year. As shown, 77% of users are now satisfied, cf. 69% in 2007 and 71% in 2004.

Satisfaction has risen this wave at the expense of previously very negative as well as fairly negative and neutral responses to the website. Only 4% are now dissatisfied with the site, from 6% in 2007 and 8% in 2004. Nevertheless, suggestions for the website still come through the open-ended feedback on communications collected at the end of the questionnaire (See excel file of verbatim responses).

Figure 48: Overall rating of satisfaction with the Standards Board for England website by wave (Q27)



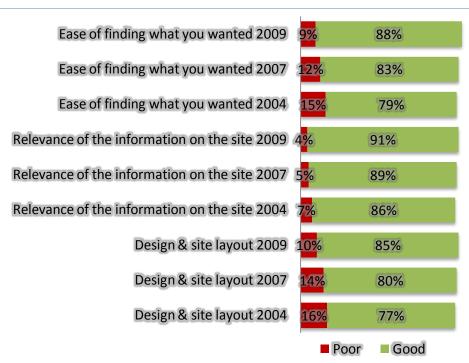
Base: All website users in each wave (2009 = 1,073; 2007 = 772; 2004 = 458)

8.3 Views on aspects of the Website

Attitudes in relation to a number of aspects of the site were tested in both 2004 and 2007. As shown in Figure 49, there are more positive and fewer negative evaluations across all aspects in 2009, continuing the gradual positive trend from 2007.

Relevance of information continues to be viewed most highly (+87%), followed by ease of finding the information required (+79%) and then design and layout (+75%). In 2007 these nets were +84%, +71% and +66% respectively.

Figure 49: Rating of the Standards Board for England website in terms of the specified aspects by wave (Q26)



Base: All respondents who have visited the website in past year by wave (Poor and Good responses only shown)

9 Contacting the Standards Board for England

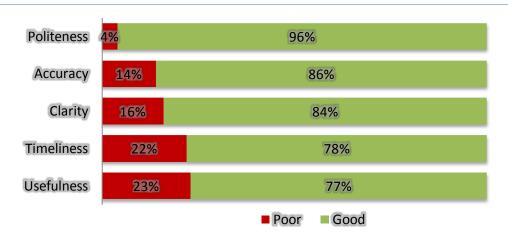
Respondents were asked to evaluate the most recent time that they had contacted the Standards Board not in relation to an investigation, by letter, by email and by telephone.

A number of aspects were prompted, and for all three channels of communication, politeness and clarity achieved highest evaluations.

9.1 By Letter

As shown below, less than a quarter of stakeholders able to give a valid response here rated response by letter from the Standards Board as poor on any criteria. Only 4% rate responses by letter as poor in terms of politeness, while 22% and 23% considered their letter response poor in terms of timeliness and usefulness respectively.

Figure 50: Rating of the response in terms of the specified criteria, the last time the respondent contacted the Standards Board for England by letter in wave 3 (Q28)



Sample base: All providing a valid response (excluding don't know/NA, varies by row)

In terms of change from previous waves, a positive improvement is seen on all criteria with the exception of timeliness, which has dropped slightly from net +58% to net +56%. The most notable improvement is in perceived accuracy (from +60% to +72%).

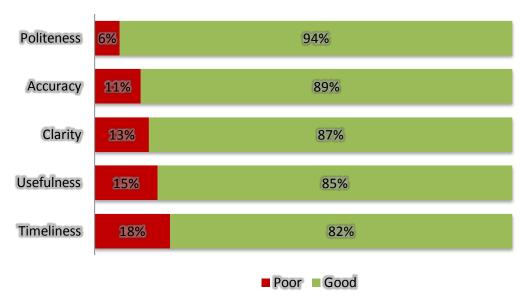
Figure 51: Nets (% good - % poor) for contact by letter, wave on wave

	Net 2009	Net 2007	Net 2004
Politeness	+92%	+90%	+88%
Accuracy	+72%	+60%	+56%
Clarity	+68%	+62%	+66%
Timeliness	+56%	+58%	+50%
Usefulness	+54%	+44%	+34%

9.2 By Email

Thinking about the last time they contacted the Standards Board by email, clarity, accuracy, timeliness and usefulness all score more highly than by letter, while politeness does not. In all criteria, fewer than one in five respondents rates their response by email as poor.

Figure 52: Rating of the response in terms of the specified criteria, the last time the respondent contacted the Standards Board for England by email in wave 3 (Q29)



Sample base: All providing a valid response (excluding don't know/NA, varies by row)

In terms of change from previous waves, a positive improvement is seen on accuracy and usefulness in particular, while politeness, clarity and timeliness are all in line with 2007 feedback.

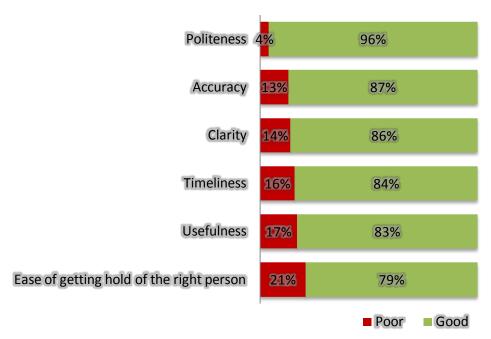
Figure 53: Nets (% good - % poor) for contact by email, wave on wave

	Net 2009	Net 2007	Net 2004
Politeness	+88%	+88%	+90%
Accuracy	+78%	+74%	+74%
Clarity	+74%	+74%	+72%
Usefulness	+70%	+60%	+60%
Timeliness	+64%	+64%	+56%

9.3 By Telephone

In terms of telephone contact, politeness no longer achieves a lower score than by letter or email, as it did in previous waves. Only 4% rate the response as poor in this respect. Only 'ease of getting hold of the right person' is rated as poor by more than one in five applicable respondents (21%).

Figure 54: Rating of the response in terms of the specified criteria, the last time the respondent contacted the Standards Board for England by telephone in wave 3(Q30)



Sample base: All providing a valid response (excluding don't know/NA, varies by row)

While net ratings for clarity showed a downturn in 2007 (+62% in 2004; +60% in 2007), the rating has risen in 2009, to +72%.

Perceptions of usefulness of contact made by telephone remain stable (increasing from +58% in 2004 to +66% in 2007, and staying at +66% in 2009).

While 'ease of getting hold of the right person' remained static between waves 1 and 2, (+64% in both waves), it appears to have declined in its net rating in 2009 (with a +58% net rating as 'good').

10 The Standards Board for England Investigative Function

Respondents were asked to think about investigations handled by the Standards Board i.e. not dealt with locally. The wave 3 survey assessed their level of satisfaction or dissatisfaction in relation to three aspects of the investigation process and associated interactions.

Responses are detailed in figure 55. As shown, professionalism achieves the highest net satisfaction rating (+31%) and the investigative function as a whole achieves a net satisfaction rating of +21%. Some way behind these aspects in terms of ratings is 'the speed with which investigations are undertaken..', with net satisfaction of +8%.

Proportions of respondents giving a response of don't know or not applicable are similar for all three aspects (43%-46%), while over half of respondents consider themselves in a position to rate the investigative function.

Figure 55: Rating of satisfaction with how the Standards Board for England handles the specified aspects of an investigation in wave 3 (Q33)

	Very dissatisfied	Fairly dissatisfied	Neither	Fairly satisfied	Very satisfied	Don't know or N/A or Not provided	Summary Satisfied	Summary Dissatisfied	Net Satisfied
The professionalism with which investigations are undertaken by Standards Board for England	2%	4%	11%	24%	14%	46%	37%	6%	+31%
The Standards Board for England's investigative function as a whole	4%	6%	16%	23%	8%	43%	31%	10%	+21%
The speed with which investigations are undertaken by Standards Board for England	6%	10%	14%	18%	5%	46%	24%	16%	+8%
Base: All respondents in wave 3 (1,973)									

When those not providing a valid rating are removed from the base, professionalism achieves a net satisfaction rating of +58%, the investigative function as a whole achieves a net satisfaction rating of +38% and 'the speed with which investigations are undertaken..', generates a net satisfaction rating of +14%.

The speed in which investigations are undertaken is not a new area of concern. In 2007, respondents rating the way that investigations as a whole at that stage were undertaken generated a net satisfaction of -12% in terms of 'how quickly the investigation was undertaken'.

11 Appendix 1 Questionnaire





STAKEHOLDER TRACKER 2009:

SATISFACTION WITH THE STANDARDS BOARD FOR ENGLAND AND ATTITUDES TO THE ETHICAL ENVIRONMENT

SURVEY OF AUTHORITIES

Please read these instructions carefully before completing the questionnaire:

- Please read each question carefully. Most questions require you to tick (☑) a box or boxes to indicate the answer or answers you want to give. Other questions ask you to write in your answer.
- The survey should take no longer than 20 minutes to complete.
- If you have any questions about completing this questionnaire, please contact your Monitoring Officer or Ceri Matthias, at BMG Research on 0121.333 6006.
- Once you have completed the questionnaire, please return it in the preaddressed envelope supplied as soon as possible, or by latest Monday 9th March 2009. If you cannot find or did not receive the pre-paid envelope, you can post the questionnaire back to us at the following address, you do not need a stamp:

BMG Research FREEPOST RLRL-JAZJ-UCAC Birmingham B7 4AX

<BMG REF>

I would speak highly of the Standards Board if I were asked	Q1. Which of these phrases best describes the way you would speak of the Standard Board for England to other people in local government? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY I would be critical of the Standards Board without being asked I would be critical of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board without being asked Don't know/ no opinion Q2. Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Is GO TO Q3 Fairly satisfied Is GO TO Q3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Is GO TO Q4 Very dissatisfied Is GO TO Q4 Very dissatisfied Is GO TO Q5 Fairly dissatisfied Is GO TO Q5 Fairly Satisfied Is GO TO Q5 Why do you say you are satisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW. Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.	Q1.	Which of these phrases best describes the Board for England to other people in local go PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY I would be critical of the Stand I would be critical of the Stand I would be neutr I would speak highly of the Stand	e way overnr dards E Standa ral tow Standa	you would speak of the S ment? Board without being asked ards Board if I were asked ards the Standards Board	□ 1
Board for England to other people in local government? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY I would be critical of the Standards Board without being asked I would be critical of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board without being asked Don't know/ no opinion Q2. Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Go TO Q3 Fairly satisfied Go TO Q3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Go TO Q4 Very dissatisfied Go TO Q4 Very dissatisfied Go TO Q5 IF YOU ARE SATISFIED IN Q2 ABOVE PLEASE ANSWER Q3. IF YOU AR DISSATISFIED PLEASE ANSWER Q4. OTHERWISE, PLEASE GO TO Q5. Q3. Why do you say you are satisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.	Board for England to other people in local government? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY I would be critical of the Standards Board without being asked I would be critical of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board without being asked Don't know/ no opinion Q2. Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Go TO Q3 Fairly satisfied Go TO Q3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Go TO Q4 Very dissatisfied Go TO Q4 Very dissatisfied Go TO Q5 IF YOU ARE SATISFIED IN Q2 ABOVE PLEASE ANSWER Q3. IF YOU AR DISSATISFIED PLEASE ANSWER Q4. OTHERWISE, PLEASE GO TO Q5. Q3. Why do you say you are satisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.		Board for England to other people in local go PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY I would be critical of the Stand I would be critical of the S I would be neutr I would speak highly of the S	overnr lards E Standa ral tow Standa	nent? Board without being asked ards Board if I were asked ards the Standards Board	□ 1
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I would be neutral towards the Standards Board I would speak highly of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board without being asked Don't know/ no opinion Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Very satisfied Very dissatisfied Very	I would be neutral towards the Standards Board I would speak highly of the Standards Board if I were asked I would speak highly of the Standards Board without being asked Don't know/ no opinion Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Very satisfied Very satisfied Very dissatisfied Very dis	Q2.	I would be neutr I would speak highly of the	ral tow Standa	ards the Standards Board	\square_2
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Q2. Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied	Q2. Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied	Q2.			_	_ 5
England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied	England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied	Q2.			Don't know/ no opinion	6
Very satisfied	Very satisfied		England?	u with	the work of the Standards I	Board fo
Fairly satisfied	Fairly satisfied					
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied		,			
Fairly dissatisfied	Fairly dissatisfied			=		
Very dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied			_		
Don't know/ No opinion	Don't know/ No opinion		•	_		
IF YOU ARE SATISFIED IN Q2 ABOVE PLEASE ANSWER Q3. IF YOU AR DISSATISFIED PLEASE ANSWER Q4. OTHERWISE, PLEASE GO TO Q5. Q3. Why do you say you are satisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW. Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.	IF YOU ARE SATISFIED IN Q2 ABOVE PLEASE ANSWER Q3. IF YOU AR DISSATISFIED PLEASE ANSWER Q4. OTHERWISE, PLEASE GO TO Q5. Q3. Why do you say you are satisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW. Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.		•	_	-	
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Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.	Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.					
Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.	Q4. Why do you say you are dissatisfied with the work of the Standards Board for England? PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.					
		Q4.	Why do you say you are dissatisfied wit England? PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW.	th the	work of the Standards E	Board fo
				_		
			[2] BMG_7188			

Q5. ALL ANSWER Thinking now about diff or unsuccessful do you last year?	think the St	andards Boa				
PLEASE TICK ONE BO	Very	Fairly successful	Neither successful nor unsuccessful	Fairly unsuccessful	Very unsuccessful	Don't know
Consulting those in local government about its work	□5	□4	□ 3	\square_2		□6
Defining standards of behaviour for members	□5	4	Пз	 2	 1	 6
Enhancing the reputation of local government standards among the public	□₅	4	□3	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6
Keeping local government in general informed about what it is doing	□5	□4	□ 3	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6
Keeping you personally informed about what it is doing	□5	□ 4	□₃	\square_2		□ 6
Making a useful contribution to the debate about standards of behaviour in local government	□5	4	□з	 2	 1	□6
Providing advice and information to members	□5	4	□з	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6
Providing advice and information to monitoring officers	□5	□4	□₃	\square_2		□ 6
Providing advice and information to standards committees	□5	□4	□ 3	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6
Being responsive to the needs of those it works with	□5	4	□ 3	 2	□ 1	□ 6
	[3	B] BMG_7166				

ATTITUDES TOWARD	S THE ET	HICAL E	NVIRONME	NT			
Q6. Please indicate how far you agree or disagree with each of the following statements PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH ROW							
	Strongly agree	Tend to agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Tend to disagree	Strongly disagree	Don't know	
I have confidence that my local standards committee is impartial	□5	4	Пз	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6	
I have confidence in the way my local standards committee deals with complaints about members	□ ₅	4	Пз	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6	
I have confidence in the way my local authority deals with investigations	□₅	□4	□ ₃	\square_2		□ 6	
I have confidence in the way the Standards Board for England deals with investigations	□5	□4	□ ₃	\square_2		□ 6	
I support the requirement for members to sign a Code of Conduct	□5	4	 3	 2	 1	□ 6	
I would support the requirement for officers to sign a Code of Conduct	□5	□4	□ ₃	\square_2		□ 6	
I think members' standard of behaviour has improved over recent times in my authority	 5	4	Пз		□ 1	 6	
Maintaining high standards of behaviour for members is one of the most important issues facing local government	□5	4	Пз	 2	 1	□ 6	
The public are concerned about the standards of conduct of members	□5	□4	Вз	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6	
My standards committee has a high profile within the authority	□5	□4	□ ₃	\square_2		□ 6	
_							
[4	F] BMG_7166						

If there was a breach of standards in behaviour by a councillor of your

Q7.

	local authority, how confident, or not, are you that the local au would uncover this?	thority
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
	Very confident	□5
	Quite confident	\square_4
	Neither confident nor unconfident	□ 3
	Not very confident	\square_2
	Not confident at all	□ 1
	Don't know	\square_6
Q8.	If a breach of standards in behaviour is uncovered, how confi you that the councillor involved would be dealt with appropriat	dent, or not, are ely?
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
	Very confident	∟ 5
	Quite confident	\square_4
	Neither confident nor unconfident	□ ₃
	Not very confident	\square_2
	Not confident at all	
	Don't know	□ 6
Q9.	In general, how confident, or not, are you in your authority's upholding ethical standards?	commitment to
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
	Very confident	□5
	Quite confident	\square_4
	Neither confident nor unconfident	\square_3
	Not very confident	\square_2
	Not confident at all	
	Don't know	□ 6

[5] BMG_7166

					ELLO BLA				
	CHANGES TO THE ETHICAL FRAMEWORK Since May 2008 there has been a shift towards local ownership of the Standards Framework.								
	Standards committee proactive in champic allegations of miscor level and more cas previously.	ning high iduct are	standard in the fire	ds at the st instan	local leve ce consid	el. In add Iered at a	ition, local		
Q10.	ALL ANSWER Thinking about changes whice devolved, how successful or each of the following areas?								
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON	Very Uccessful s	Fairly	Neithe successfu unsucces	ıl nor	Fairly Iccessful u	Very nsuccessful	Don't know	
	eying the message about the ethical framework effectively	□5	□4	□ 3		 2		□6	
	g local government informed about changes in relation to norities' role in investigations	□5	4	□ 3		 2	□ 1	□6	
	ing support and guidance to t authorities in their new role with the new framework	□ 5	□ 4	□ 3		 2	□ 1	 6	
ab	g local government informed out the Standards Board for and's new role as a strategic regulator	□5	4	□ 3		 2	1	□ 6	
Q11.	Please indicate how far you	agree or dis	sagree with	n each of t	he following	statements	S		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX O	N EACH R	OW						
			Strongly agree	Tend to agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Tend to disagree	Strongly disagree	Don't know	
Impi	roving members' standard of be now a	ehaviour is local issue	□ 5	□ 4	□ ₃	\square_2	□ 1	□ 6	
	The new ethical framework is embedded in local g		□₅	□ 4	Вз	\square_2	□ 1	□6	
	I support the devolution of	the ethical framework	□5	□4	□ ₃	\square_2		□6	
		[6] BMG_7166						

	INFORM	ATION PRO	VISION			_
12.	How well do you think the Standards about the following?	s Board for E	England has l	kept you in	formed, if at	all,
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH			Not very		Don't
		Very well	Fairly well	well	Not at all	know
	Case law examples	4	□ 3	\square_2	□ 1	□ 5
	Good practice guidance	\square_4	□ ₃	\square_2	□ 1	\square_5
New de	elopments in relation to standards of behaviour	□ 4	□ ₃	\square_2		□ 5
	The Code of Conduct	□4	□ ₃	\square_2	\square_1	□ 5
	The local standards framework	□4	□ ₃	\square_2		□ 5
Loca	l authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct	4	Пз			□ 5
Memb	ers' responsibilities for ensuring high standards of conduct	4	□3	\square_2		□ 5
213.	And how important, if at all, do you informed about the following, going PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH	forward?	he Standards Fairly		England to I	keep you Don't
213.	informed about the following, going	forward? H ROW Very important		Not very important	Not at all important	Don't know
213.	informed about the following, going	forward? H ROW Very	Fairly	Not very	Not at all	Don't
Q13.	informed about the following, going PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH	forward? H ROW Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not at all important	Don't know
Q13. New det	informed about the following, going PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH	forward? H ROW Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not at all important	Don't know
	informed about the following, going PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH Case law examples Good practice guidance relation to standards of	forward? H ROW Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not at all important	Don't know
	informed about the following, going PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH Case law examples Good practice guidance relation to standards of behaviour	forward? H ROW Very important 4 4	Fairly important 3 3 3	Not very important 2 2 2	Not at all important 1 1 1	Don't know
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New det	case law examples Good practice guidance relopments in relation to standards of behaviour The Code of Conduct The local standards framework I authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct pers' responsibilities for ensuring high	forward? H ROW Very important 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Fairly important 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Not very important 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Not at all important 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Don't know 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
New det	case law examples Good practice guidance relopments in relation to standards of behaviour The Code of Conduct The local standards framework I authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct pers' responsibilities for ensuring high	forward? H ROW Very important 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Fairly important 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Not very important 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Not at all important 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Don't know 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

	PUBLISHED INFORMATION AN	ID GUIDANCE	
in	le are interested in your experiences of, and von which the Standards Board for England prouidance to you.		
pı ye	his section focuses on the information a ublished by the Standards Board for England ou about the Standards Board's website and t ne Standards Board.	. Subsequent se	ections will ask
Q14.	Overall, how would you rate the <u>amount</u> of pureceive from the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (on and guidance you
215.	Overall, how would you rate the <u>frequency</u> of the you receive from the Standards Board for Engla PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (nd? Q15	
		Q14. Amount	Q15.
	Too much		Frequency
		=	
	About right	□ 2	□ 2
	Not enough / would like more	山 ₁	□1
	D - W I / N '- '- '-		
Q16.	Don't know / No opinion How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (England?	☐4 y the information and
	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for E	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronition and guidance	y the information and ic/paper) used by the
	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN ON How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronition and guidance	y the information and ic/paper) used by the
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	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronistion and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats
	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (Very satisfied)	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronition and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats
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	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Very dissatisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronistion and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats 543
Q16. Q17.	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (Very satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Fairly dissatisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronistion and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats 543
	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide informate PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Don't know / No opinion Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you we provided by the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronication and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543216	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats
Q17.	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN OF How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN OF PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied are you we provided by the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronication and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543216	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats
Q17.	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide information PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN (How satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Fairly dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Don't know / No opinion Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Fairly satisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronication and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543216	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats \$\begin{align*}
Q17.	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN 6 How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide informate PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN 6 Very satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Don't know / No opinion Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you we provided by the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronition and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats \$\begin{align*}
Q17.	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN OF How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide informate PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN OF PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Fairly satisfied Fairly dissatisfied Fairly dissatisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronical distribution and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543216 ith published information and guidance)	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats \$\begin{align*}
Q17.	How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the guidance provided by the Standards Board for EPLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN 6 How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the Standards Board for England to provide informate PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY IN COLUMN 6 Very satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Very dissatisfied Don't know / No opinion Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you we provided by the Standards Board for England? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY Very satisfied Fairly satisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	topics covered by England? Q16 formats (electronition and guidance) Q17 Q16. Topics Covered 543216 ith published information and guidance)	y the information and ic/paper) used by the e? Q17. Formats \$\begin{align*}

	 The list below shows a range of information and guidance published by the Standards Board for England. Which, if any, are you <u>aware</u> of? PLEASE TICK ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN Q19 								
Q20.	Which, if any, of these ha	ave you person	onally used or COLUMN Q2	read? 0					
Q21.	And which of these have PLEASE TICK ALL THA	you found u	seful?	1					
	.,			Q19. Aware of?	Q20. Used or Read?	Q21. Useful?			
	How to co	nduct a local	investigation	□ 1	□ 1				
	The	Case Review	2008 Digest	2	2	1 2			
	Factsheet	s (Code of C	onduct 2007)	3	□ 3	3			
	The 7	own and Par	ish Standard	4	4	4			
		Annual Re	/iew 2007/08	5	□ 5	1 5			
	Going Local - investiga	tions and he	arings (DVD)	□6	G 6	□ 8			
			The Bulletin	1 7	□ ₇	□ ₇			
			Press toolkit	□8	□s	□a			
1	The Local Standards Frame	work Guide fo	or Authorities	9	Q 9	9			
	Other (please write in below	and tick box	es to right as appropriate)	95	95	95			
-			None	□96	96	□ 96			
			for Englande						
22.	Thinking about all the Star extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		C.C. T. C.	published info	rmation and guida	nce, to wha			
22.	extent would you say it is		C.C. T. C.	published info					
22.	extent would you say it is	ON EACH R	ow.						
22.	extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ON EACH RO	OW Fairly	Not very		Don't know			
22.	extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Very	Fairly	Not very	Not at all	Don't know			
22.	extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Informative Accurate	Very	Fairly 3	Not very	Not at all	Don't know			
22.	extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Informative Accurate Relevant	Very 4 4 4	Fairly 3 3 3	Not very 2 2 2 2	Not at all	Don't know 5 5 5			
22.	extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Informative Accurate Relevant Clear	Very 4 4 4 4	Fairly 3 3 3 3	Not very 2 2 2 2 2 2	Not at all	Don't know 5 5 5 5 5			
22.	extent would you say it is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Informative Accurate Relevant Clear Useful	Very 4 4 4 4 4 4	Fairly 3 3 3 3 3	Not very 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Not at all	Don't know 5 5 5 5 5 5			

The Local Standards Framework Guide for Authorities is a lever arch file containing removable sections on a number of standards related issues. Toolkit sections contain template letters, flowcharts and other documents which aim to provide practical assistance to users. The Guide is also available on the Standards Board for England website.

IF YOU HAVE USED OR READ THE LOCAL STANDARDS FRAMEWORK GUIDE FOR AUTHORITIES (YOU TICKED BOX 9 IN COLUMN Q20) PLEASE ANSWER Q23.

IF YOU HAVE NOT USED OR READ THE LOCAL STANDARDS FRAMEWORK GUIDE PLEASE GO TO Q24.

Q23. The eight sections of the Local Standards Framework Guide are listed below. For each one, please indicate whether you consider this useful or not useful?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY ON EACH ROW

	Useful	Not useful	Not aware of not used
The role and make-up of standards committees	□ 1	\square_2	Вз
Local assessment of complaints	□ 1	\square_2	□ 3
Local assessment of complaints toolkit		\square_2	Вз
Local investigations and other action	□ 1	 2	□ 3
How to conduct an investigation	□ 1	\square_2	□ 3
Local investigations and other action toolkit	□ 1	\square_2	□ 3
Standards committee determinations		\square_2	□ 3
Standards committee determinations toolkit		\square_2	□ 3

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		Very useful	Fairly useful	Not ver	y useful	Not at all useful	Don't know
Fur	ther information on carrying	\square_4	□з		\mathbf{l}_2	1	□5
	out an investigation Good practice for standards] 2		
	committees		_₃ □₃] ₂		_ 5
	Alternative action Sanctions guidance	□ 4	□3 □3] ₂		□ 5 □ 5
Mor	-	□ 4	□3 □3] ₂		□ 5 □ 5
	nitoring/ benchmarking data r (please write in below and	□₄	□ ₃] ₂		□ 5 □ 5
	box to right as appropriate)	4	3		12	<u> </u>	
	THE STAN	DARDS BOA	RD FOR ENG	LAND'S	WEBSITE		
Q25.	Approximately how frequer		o you visit the	Standard	s Board for	r England's	website?
			Once a	week _	7 GO TO	Q26	
			Once a fort	night 🔲	6GO TO (Q26	
			Once a m	onth [5 GO TO (Q26	
	I have vi	sited it within	the last six mo	onths _	4 GO TO (Q26	
	I have vi	sited it within	the last 12 mo	onths _	3 GO TO (Q26	
	I ha	ave visited it lo	onger ago thai	_	2 GO TO (
	I have never visite	d the Standar	ds Board's we	bsite _	1 GO TO (Q28	
			Don't l	know _	7 GO TO (Q28	
	PLEASE ONLY ANSWER BOARD FOR ENGLAND'S OTHERWISE GO TO QUE	S WEBSITE A					
Q26.	How good or poor would y following aspects? PLEAS				igland's we	ebsite on e	ach of the
			Very good	Fairly good	Fairly poor	Very poor	Don't know
	Ease of finding wha	at you wanted	_	□ 3		□ ₁	□ ₅
	Relevance of the information	on on the site	□ 4	\square_3	\square_2		□ ₅
	Design a	nd site layout	□ 4	\square_3	\square_2	□ 1	□5
Q27.	And overall how satisfied England's website? PLEA	d or dissatisf	fied are you E BOX ONLY	with the	Standards	s Board fo	OΓ
	,	Very satisfied	\square_5				
		airly satisfied	=				
	Neither satisfied no		— 3				
		ly dissatisfied by dissatisfied	=-				
		w/ No opinion					

	CONTACTIN	IG THE STAN	DARDS BOAR	D FOR ENGL	.AND	
	ALL ANSWER					
	The following questions a Standards Board for Eng ratings for the LAST time	land. For each	type of contac			
	If you have not contacted ways please tick not appl				f the followin	g
	Please note that these of Standards Board investi		32 do <u>not refe</u>	er to contact i	n relation to	o a
Q28.	Thinking about the last time investigation) by writing a lepter PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	etter. How goo	d or poor would			
		Very good	Fairly good	Fairly poor	Very poor	Don't know / not applicable
	Timeliness	4	□з	\square_2		
	Usefulness	4	□3	\square_2		□5
	Accuracy	\square_4	□з	\square_2		□5
	Clarity	4	□3	\square_2		\square_5
	Politeness	\square_4	□3	\square_2		\square_5
Q29.	Thinking about the last tin investigation) by sending a PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	n email. How	good or poor wo W		the response	
	Timeli	ness 🔲 4	. □3	\square_2		
	Useful	ness 🔲 4	□ ₃			□ ₅
	Accu	ıracy 🔲 4	□ ₃	\square_2		□5
	С	larity 4	3	\square_2		□5
	Polite	ness 🔲 4	3	\square_2		□5
Q30.	Thinking about the last tin investigation) by telephone PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	. How good or	poor would you			
		Very go	ood Fairly goo	d Fairly poor	Very poor	Don't know / not applicable
Ease	of getting hold of the right pe	erson 🔲 4	 3			
	Timeli		_			□ ₅
	Useful	ness 🔲 4	□ 3	\square_2		□5
	Accu	ıracy 4	□ 3	\square_2		□5
	C	larity 4	□3	\square_2		□5
	Polito	ness 🔲 4	□ 3	\square_2		□5
	Folite					
	Polite		MG_7166			

	ALL PLEASE ANSWER						
Q31.	How can the Standards Board f terms of the topics it provides				municates with	you in the futu	ure in
	PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW						
Q32.	How can the Standards Board f					you in the futu	ure in
	terms of its methods of commo	unication a	and forma	is of advice, i	ratali?		
	PLEASE WRITE IN BELOW						
	STANDARDS BOAR	D FOR EN	IGLAND IN	IVESTIGATIV	E FUNCTION		
	ALL ANSWER						
Q33.	Thinking about the investigation satisfied or dissatisfied are you				d, (i.e. not dea	lt with locally),	how
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON E	ACH ROW	V				
		Very satisfied	Fairly satisfied	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	Fairly dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied	Don't Know/ N/A
inve	The professionalism with which estigations are undertaken by the Standards Board for England	□5	□ 4	□3	\square_2		۵
	eed with which investigations are taken by the Standards Board for England	□5	4	□ 3	\square_2		□ 6
Th	e Standards Board for England's investigative function as a whole	□ 5	□ 4	□3	\square_2		□6
		[13] B	MG_7166				

	YOUR AUTHORITY										
	Below are some questions about you and your authority. These questions are for analysis only. As with all your views this information is confidential and your responses will remain anonymous, in accordance with the Market Research Society's code of conduct.										
Q34.	What is your position within your authority? If you are a member of more than one authority ple respond for the authority which received/ sent you this questionnaire PLEASE TICK ONE ONLY										
	Leader of the cou	ıncil		Monitoring officer (Tick and go to Q37)	□ 5						
	Member of the executive/cab	inet	\square_2	Town or parish clerk	□ 6						
	Elected mem (not executive cabi		Вз	Town or parish member	\square_7						
	Independent lay men	nber .	4	Other (Tick and write in below)	95						
Q35.	Are you a member of your authority's PLEASE TICK ONE ONLY	standa	ards co	mmittee?							
	Yes (tick and go to Q36)			No (tick and go to Q37)	\square_2						
Q36.	What is your role on the standards co	mmitte	e in yo	ur authority?							
	Chair of standards committee			Independent lay member of standards committee (not chair)	\square_3						
	Elected member of standards committee	\square_2		Other (Tick and write in below)	95						
Q37.	Which political party controls your PLEASE TICK ONE ONLY	r autho	rity?		_						
	Labour			Other arrangement (Please tick and write in below)	;						
	Conservative	\square_2		(induce that are arranged to	\neg						
	Liberal Democrat	Пз									
	No overall control	\square_4									
Q38.	And, if you are an elected member PLEASE TICK ONE ONLY. IF No	er, whi	ch politi ELEC	ical party, if any, do you represent? TED MEMBER PLEASE GO TO Q39 .							
	Labour			Other (Please tick and write in below)	;						
	Conservative			,							
	Liberal Democrat	□ 3									
	Don't represent any political party	□ 4									

Stakeholder Tracker 2009 (Satisfaction with the Standards Board for England and Attitudes to the Ethical Environment)

	D	EMOGRAPHICS	
39.	Please write in your age.		
	YEAR	RS	
240.	What is your gender?		
.40.	Male		
	Female		
41.	IF YOU ARE A MEMBER OF THE CO How long have you been a member? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	DUNCIL/ AUTHORITY	
	0-2 years		
	3-5 years		
	6-10 years	□3	
	11-15 years	□4	
	16+ years	□5	
	Does not apply	□6	
42.	IF YOU ARE AN OFFICER OF THE C In total, how long have you been working PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY		
	0-2 years		
	3-5 years	\square_2	
	6-10 years	□3	
	11-15 years	□4	
	16+ years	□₅	
	Does not apply	. □ 6	
43.	ALL PLEASE ANSWER Thinking about the Code of Conduct for	or members, which, if any, of the following applies to	you?
	PLEASE TICK ALL THAT APPLY		-
		I have made an allegation about a member	
	and the second second second	have had an allegation made against me	Q 2
		ity who has made an allegation about a member	□ ₃
	I know of a member in my authori	ty who has had an allegation made against them	
		None of the above	1 5
	THANK YOU FOR CO	MPLETING THIS QUESTIONNAIRE.	
	Please return it in the reply pai	id envelope by latest Monday 9th March 2009	
		15] BMG_7168	

12 Appendix 2 Respondent Profile

Respondent Profile

The table below compares the 2009 respondent base (post-weighting) to the 2007 and 2004 respondent bases. As shown, subgroups are broadly comparative. The role breakdown gives only an approximate idea, due to subgroup classification differences, but identical subsets give an indication that more independent members are represented in 2007, and slightly more non-independent members were represented in 2004.

Figure 56: Wave on wave respondent profiling

2004 (whore example)	2007	2000	0/ shows size
			% above or below 2007
70	70	70	DC10W 2007
27	24	24	0
			-3
			0
10	12	12	<u> </u>
40	<i>1</i> 1	11	0
			<u>0</u>
			1
	_		<u> </u>
			- 1 1
			<u> </u>
(lulai – 63%)	(00%)	(05%)	
25	21	14 C	2
25	21	_	۷
20	17		-2
5	19	20	0
7	14	13	-1
17	7	5	-2
4	1	2	1
19	13	12	-1
29	36	48	12
9	11	10	-1
22	17	13	-4
14	10	10	0
28	23	21	-2
31	36	36	0
20	25	27	2
64	68	62	-6
31	30	35	5
4	2	3	1
	17 4 19 29 9 22 14 28 31 20 64 31	% % 27 24 63 68 10 12 40 41 6 6 5 6 7 8 4 4 (total = 63%) (68%) 25 21 20 17 5 19 7 14 17 7 4 1 19 13 29 36 9 11 22 17 14 10 28 23 31 36 20 25 64 68 31 30	% % 27 24 24 63 68 65 10 12 12 40 41 41 6 6 5 5 6 7 7 8 7 4 4 5 (total = 63%) (68%) (65%) 25 21 14 C 9M 20 17 15 5 19 20 7 14 13 17 7 5 4 1 2 19 13 12 29 36 48 9 11 10 22 17 13 14 10 10 28 23 21 31 36 36 20 25 27 64 68 62 31 30 35

13 Appendix 3 Additional Charts

Figure 57: Perceived success in providing key information types in 2004 and 2007

Net success in 'keeping you informed' on... 2004 and 2007

	% unsucc 04	% success 0	4 NET 04	% unsucc 07 %	success 07	NET 07
Case law examples	49	35	-14	36	56	+20
Good practice guidance	26	64	+38	25	70	+55
New developments in relation to standards of behaviour	35	52	+17	31	62	+31
The code of conduct	79	15	+65	17	79	+62
Changes to the statutory framework i.e. recent Government papers (named)	n/a	n/a	n/a	29	64	+35
Local authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct*	31	57	+26	28	65	+37
Members responsibilities for ensuring high standards of conduct*	26	64	+38	27	67	+40

Figure 58: Perceived importance of key information types in 2004 and 2007

Net importance attributed to... 2004 and 2007

	% not imp 04	% imp 04	NET 04	% not imp 07	% imp 07	NET 07
Case law examples	14	78	+64	10	87	+77
Good practice guidance	6	89	+83	3	95	+92
New developments in relation to standards of behaviour	7	88	+81	3	95	+92
The code of conduct	7	90	+83	3	95	+92
The impact of changes to the code	n/a	n/a	n/a	3	95	+92
Changes to the statutory framework i.e. recent Government papers (named)	n/a	n/a	n/a	6	91	+85
Local authority responsibilities in ensuring high standards of conduct*	10	84	+74	5	93	+88
Members responsibilities for ensuring high standards of conduct*	86	8	+78	5	94	+89

^{*} Wording in 2004: The ethical responsibilities of authorities and The ethical responsibilities of members

^{*} Wording in 2004: The ethical responsibilities of authorities and The ethical responsibilities of members

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